

Beamspot for September VdM scan and comparison to April

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(on behalf of the beamspot group)

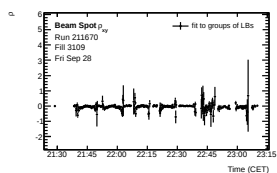
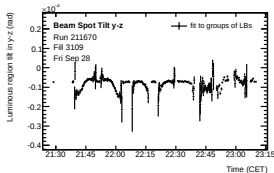
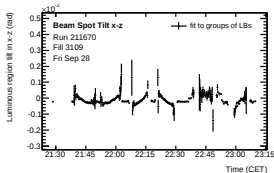
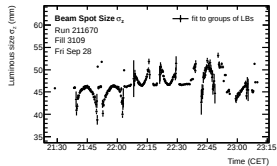
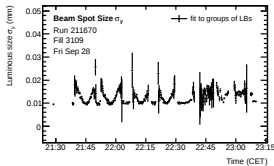
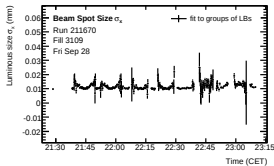
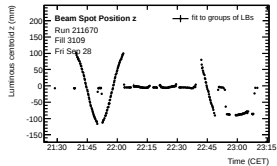
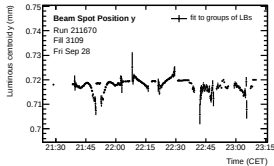
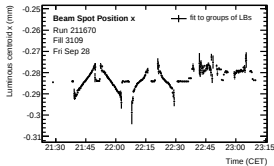


25th October 2012
Luminosity Meeting

Introduction

- September: 3 sets of VdM scans during run 211670 (fill 3109)
 - Pairs of y and x scans; opposite movement direction
 - Last pair are offset scans
 - $\langle \mu \rangle = 23$
 - Trains $\rightarrow$ possibility of parasitic interactions
- April: 3 sets of VdM scans during run 201351 (fill 2520)
 - Alternating x and y scans
 - $\langle \mu \rangle = 5$
- Will present a first look at beamspot during September scans and comparison to April scan
 - Both averaged over BCIDs and per-BCID

September Overview

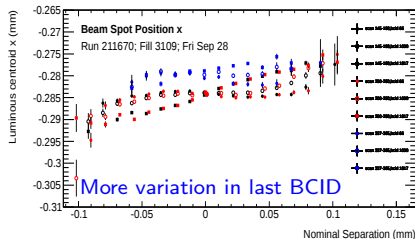
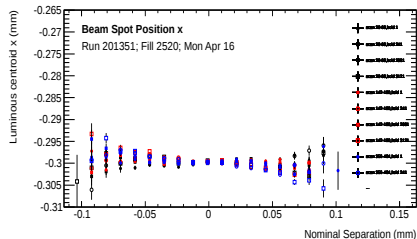
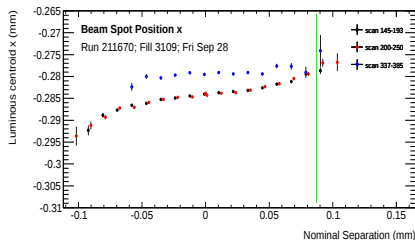
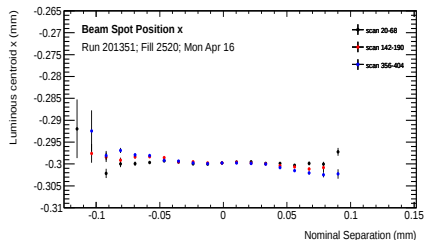




X-scan

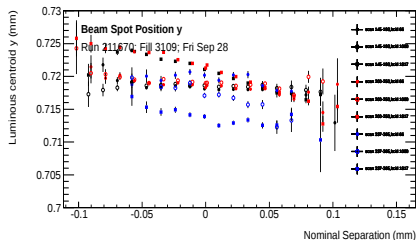
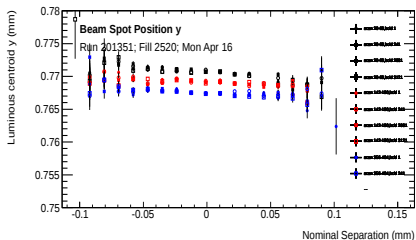
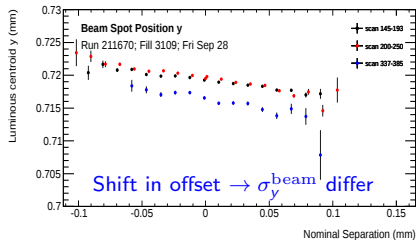
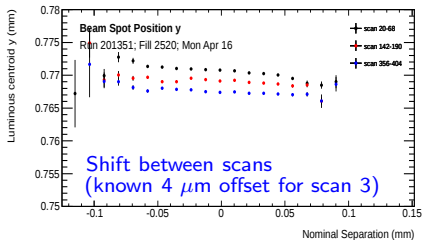
x-scan: x position

- $x \approx \text{const}$ for April; follows scan in Sept $\rightarrow$ diff beam size
- Offset scan shifted $\rightarrow$ ratio $\sigma_x^{b1} : \sigma_x^{b2}$ depends on $y \rightarrow$ non factorisation



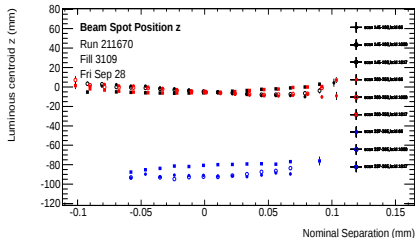
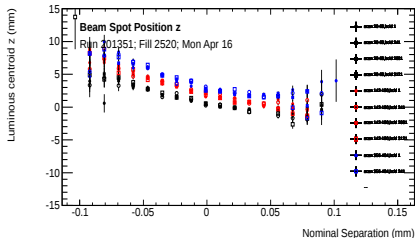
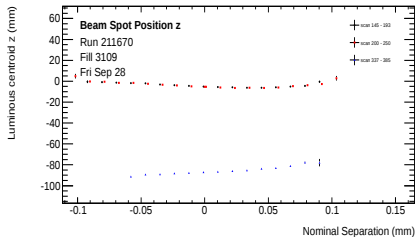
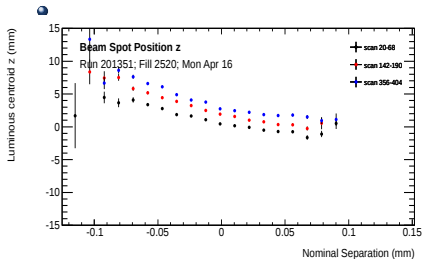
x-scan: y position

- $y \approx \text{const}$ in April; moves in Sept for last BCID
- Sept: varies over BCIDs; attribute to difference in parasitic interactions



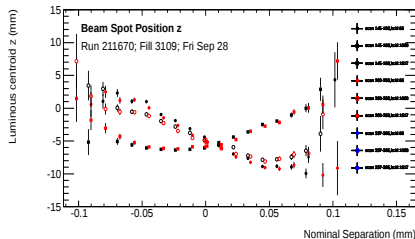
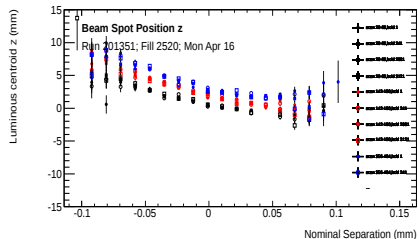
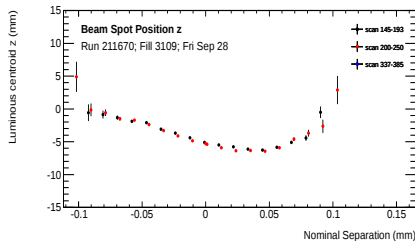
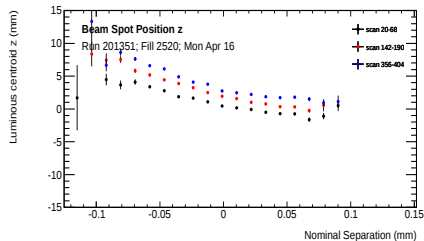
x-scan: z position

- Shift in z for offset due to crossing angle (see slide 22)



x-scan: z position

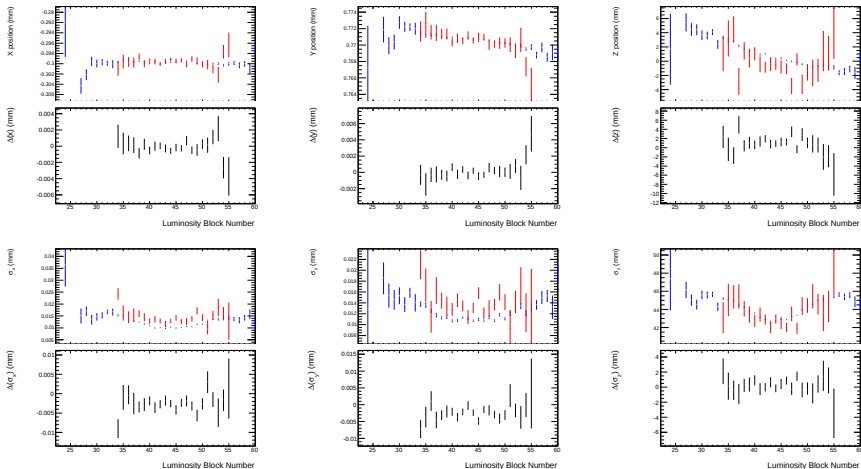
- z varies with scan → few μm residual x-angle; non-linear in Sept
- Sept: last BCID again different



Width: a word of caution

- VdM stream is dominated by poor resolution vertices with large transverse errors
 - Mostly soft tracks due to trigger configuration
- Resulting vertex errors are much larger than transverse beamspot size
⇒ width of vertex distribution dominated by vertex resolution so little sensitivity to beamspot size
 - Similar effect seen in low- μ run at start of 2012 data-taking
- Can improve determination by using only good resolution vertices, but significant reduction in statistics
- Checked for April scans that low resolution vertices don't bias position and trend in width is similar
 - But absolute transverse size is underestimated by $\approx 2 - 3\mu\text{m}$
 - Still to check for September scan
- Also, some reasonably large variations in k -factor for September

Width: April comparison



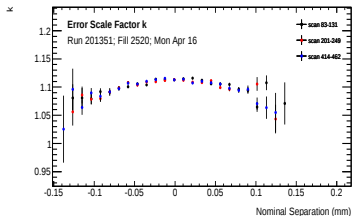
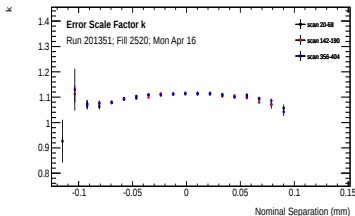
— All vertices

— High-resolution vertices

— Difference

Width: vertex k -factor

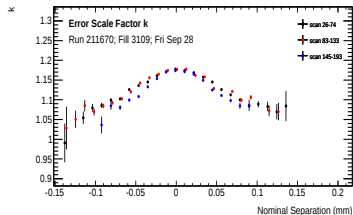
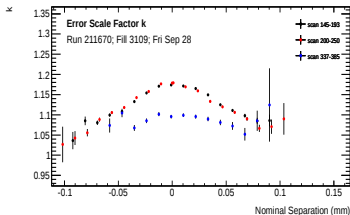
- Beamspot fit includes a scale factor, k , to account for the difference between the actual and expected tracking errors
 - Covariance matrix $V_i^{xy} = V^{xy \text{ beam}} + k \cdot V_i^{xy \text{ vertex}}$
- The larger k the bigger the vertex resolution correction and the smaller the resulting beamspot width
- April (+ previous): See variation in k at level of < 0.1
 - Maybe an artifact of single Gaussian fit to double-Gaussian distribution



- Fixing k to central value has little effect

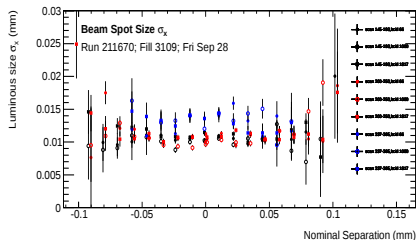
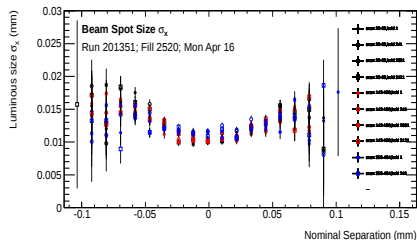
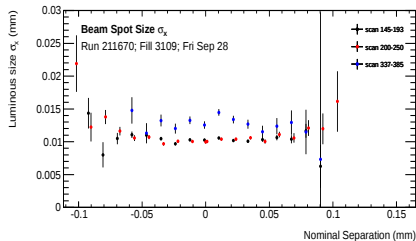
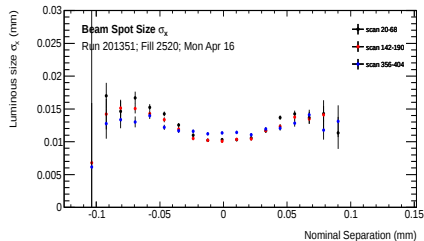
Width: vertex k -factor

- Beamspot fit includes a scale factor, k , to account for the difference between the actual and expected tracking errors
 - Covariance matrix $V_i^{xy} = V^{xy \text{ beam}} + k \cdot V_i^{xy \text{ vertex}}$
- The larger k the bigger the vertex resolution correction and the smaller the resulting beamspot width
- Sept: significantly larger than previous scans (≈ 0.2) + more peaked
 - Possibly due to more pile-up
 - Lower k for offset in x -scan but not y -scan



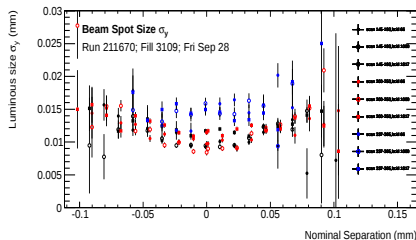
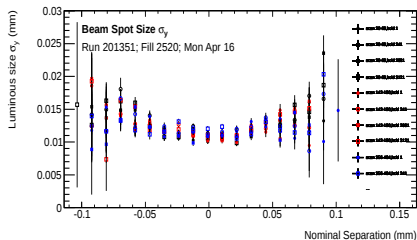
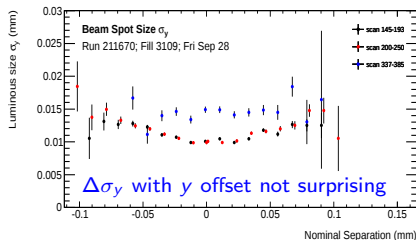
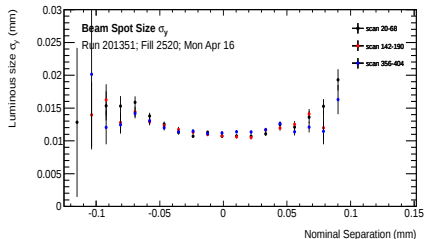
x-scan: x width

- σ_x varies in “double-bump” with scan in April; less in Sept
- Offset shifted $\rightarrow$ again beam size in x depends on $y \rightarrow$ non-factorisation



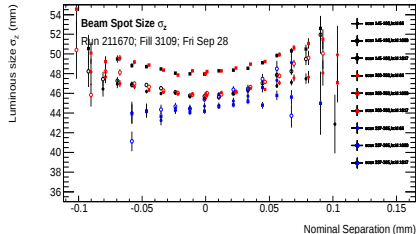
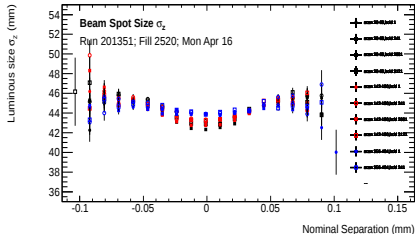
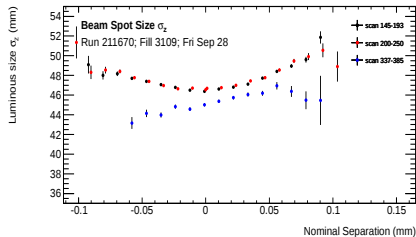
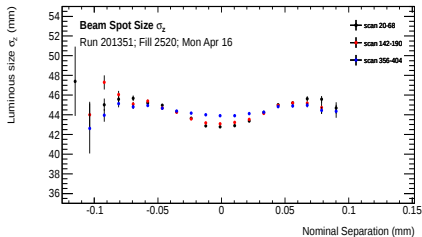
x-scan: y width

- σ_y varies by $\approx 40\%$ in nominal (not offset) scans $\rightarrow$ non-factorisation
- Sept: some variation over BCIDs



x-scan: z width

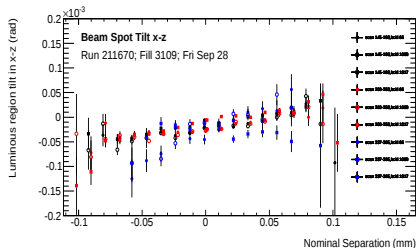
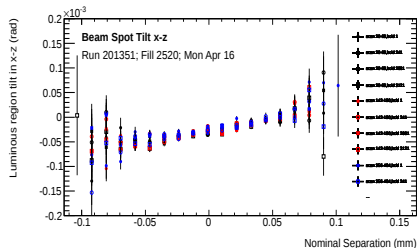
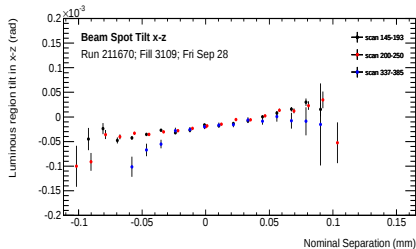
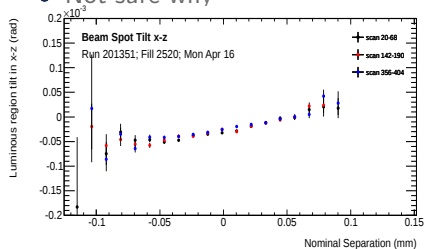
- σ_z also varies but no down-turn in Sept; offset trend very different!
- Sept: last BCID again different



x-scan: x tilt

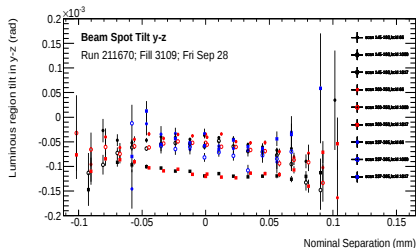
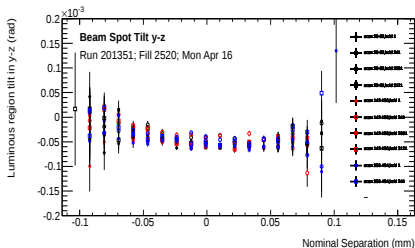
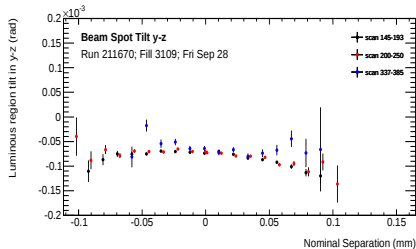
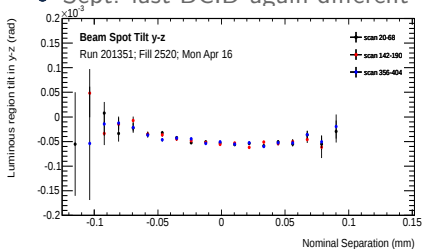
- Some linear variation of luminous region tilt in $x - z$ (scan direction)

- Not sure why



x-scan: y tilt

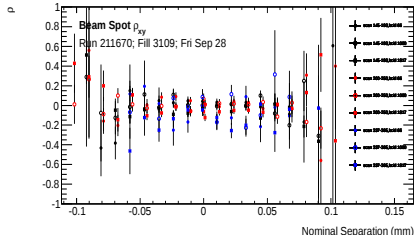
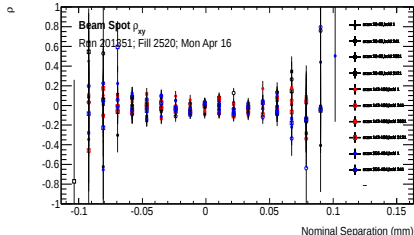
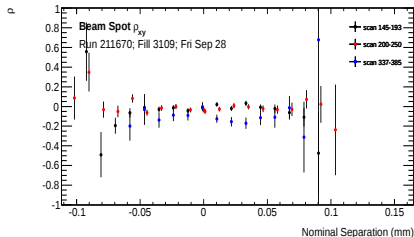
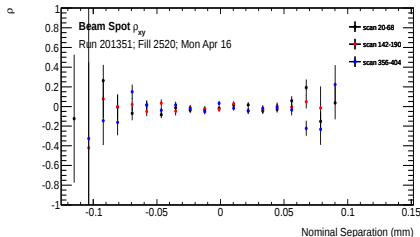
- Little variation of tilt in $y - z$ in April; some variation in Sept
- Sept: last BCID again different



x-scan: ρ_{xy}

- No variation in ρ_{xy}

- ρ_{xy} = rotation of non-circular beam in transverse plane

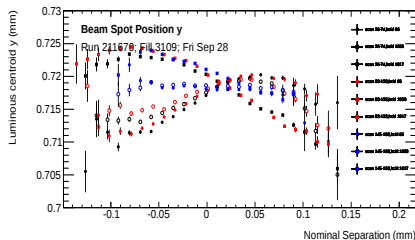
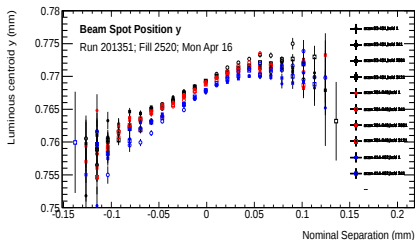
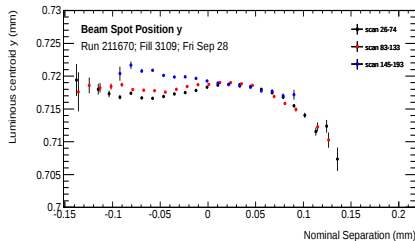
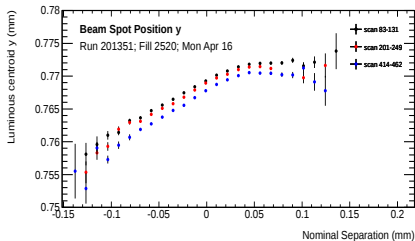




y -scan

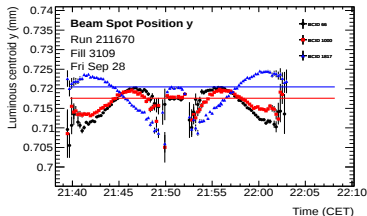
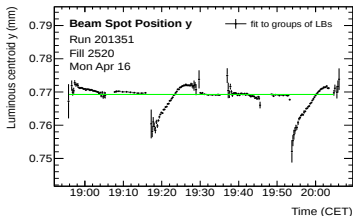
y-scan: y position

- y follows scan → diff beam size; asymmetric about rest position
- Sept: Last BCID has opposite direction; less movement in offset scan

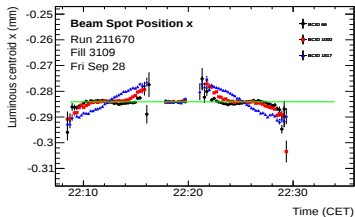
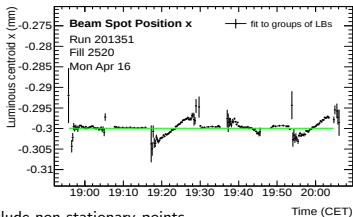


Asymmetric Movement

- During y scan, movement of beamspot in y seems to be asymmetric about rest position



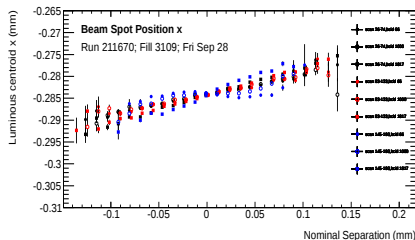
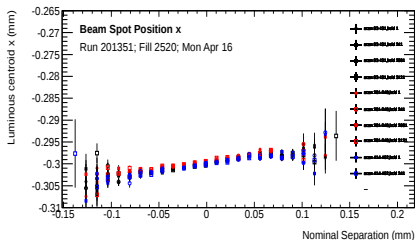
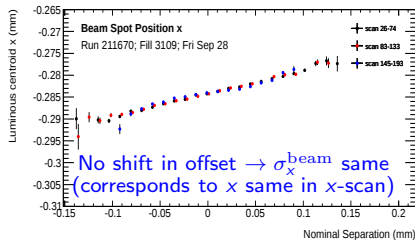
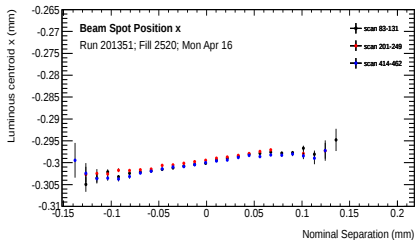
- x movement more symmetric



† plots include non-stationary points

y-scan: x position

- Movement in x , which is larger in Sept
- Some expected due to x -angle + $x - z$ tilt

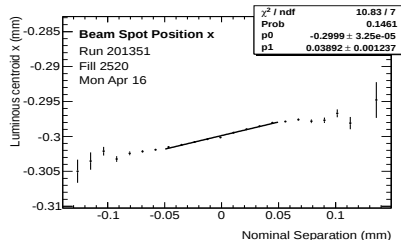
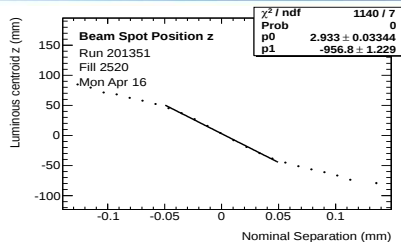


y-scan: crossing angle (April)

- Can predict variation in z with y given $\alpha = 145 \mu\text{rad}$:

$$\frac{dz}{d(\Delta_y)} = \frac{-\sin 2\alpha}{4} \frac{\sigma_z^2 - \sigma_y^2}{\sigma_y^2 \cos^2 \alpha + \sigma_z^2 \sin^2 \alpha}$$

- Assuming circular beams:
 $\sigma_y \approx \sigma_x \approx \Sigma_x / \sqrt{2} \approx 18.4 \mu\text{m}$
- BQM length: $\sigma_z = 300 * 1.2/4 \text{ mm}$
- Prediction of ≈ -1150 somewhat larger than measured value
- Variation in z will translate into movement in x due to non-zero tilt between LHC and ATLAS frames
 - From beamspot fit, xz tilt $\approx 30 \mu\text{rad}$
- $dx/d(\Delta_y) = \text{tilt}_{xz} \times dz/d(\Delta_y) \approx 0.03 \text{ (c.f 0.04)}$

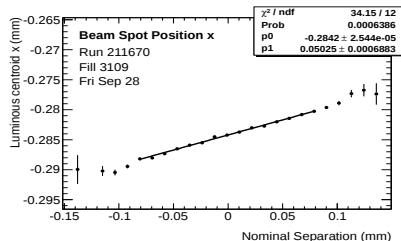
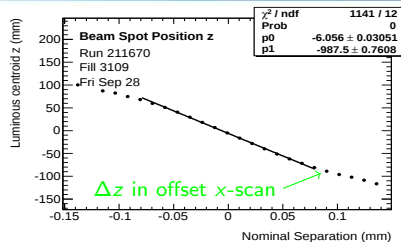


y-scan: crossing angle (Sept)

- Can predict variation in z with y given $\alpha = 145 \mu\text{rad}$:

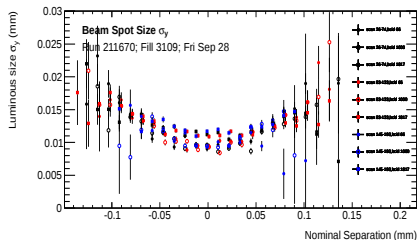
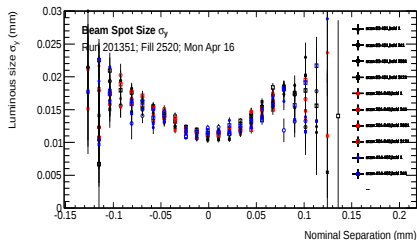
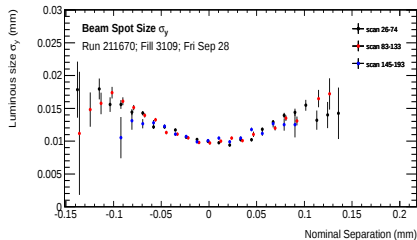
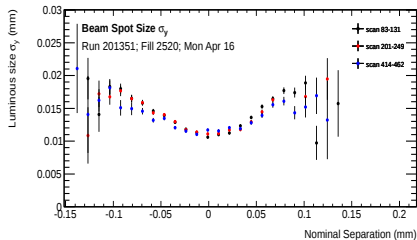
$$\frac{dz}{d(\Delta_y)} = \frac{-\sin 2\alpha}{4} \frac{\sigma_z^2 - \sigma_y^2}{\sigma_y^2 \cos^2 \alpha + \sigma_z^2 \sin^2 \alpha}$$

- Assuming circular beams:
 $\sigma_y \approx \sigma_x \approx \Sigma_x / \sqrt{2} \approx 18.4 \mu\text{m}$
- BQM length: $\sigma_z = 300 * 1.2 / 4 \text{ mm}$
- Prediction of ≈ -1150 somewhat larger than measured value
- Variation in z will translate into movement in x due to non-zero tilt between LHC and ATLAS frames
 - From beamspot fit, xz tilt $\approx 20 \mu\text{rad}$
- $dx/d(\Delta_y) = \text{tilt}_{xz} \times dz/d(\Delta_y) \approx 0.02$ (c.f 0.05 $\rightarrow$ maybe a bit high?)



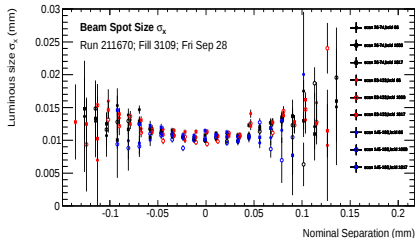
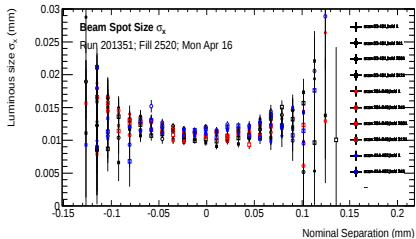
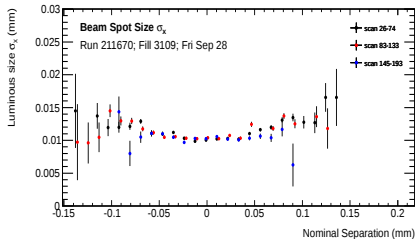
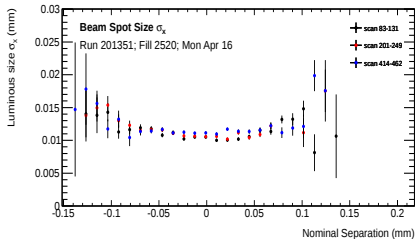
y-scan: y width

- σ_y varies with scan (as for σ_x in x scans)



- σ_x varies by $\approx 20\%$ ($< \Delta\sigma_y$ in x scans) $\rightarrow$ non-factorisation

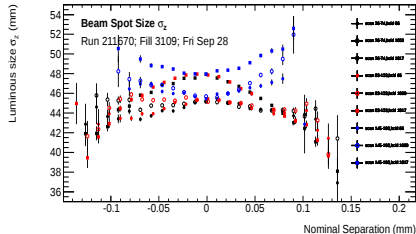
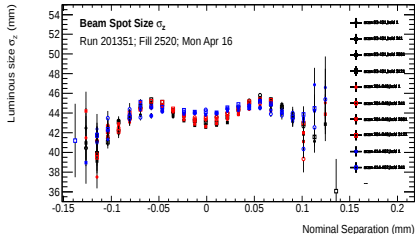
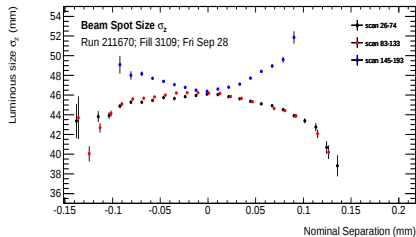
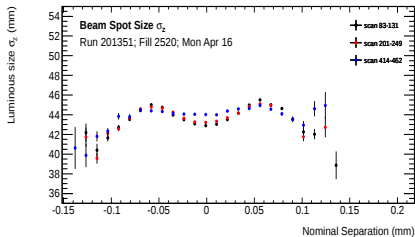
- No shift for offset unlike x -scan (since σ_x flatter versus nominal x)



y-scan: z width

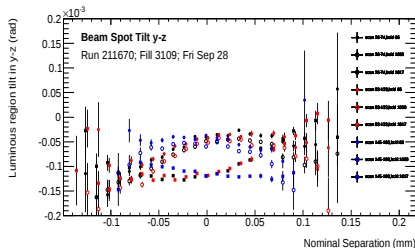
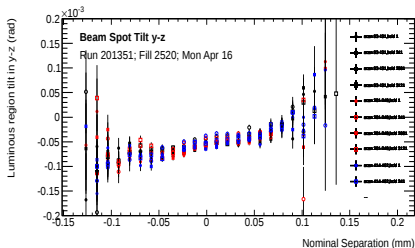
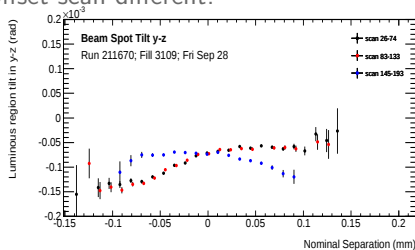
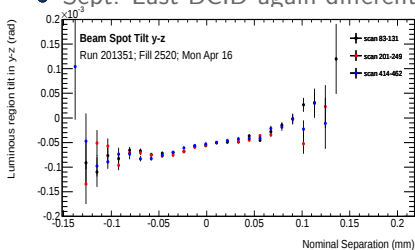
- σ_z varies but “double-bump” only in April

- Sept: Last BCID again different; offset scan has opposite variation!



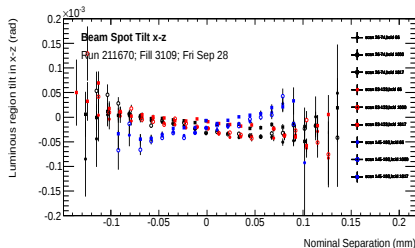
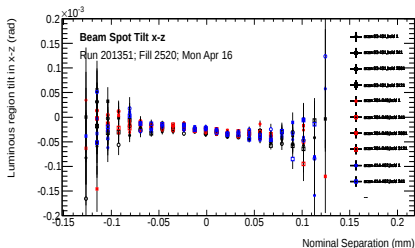
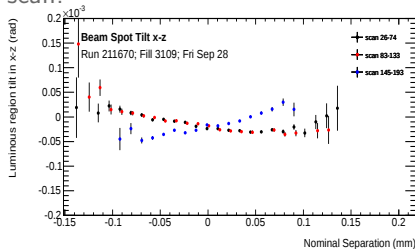
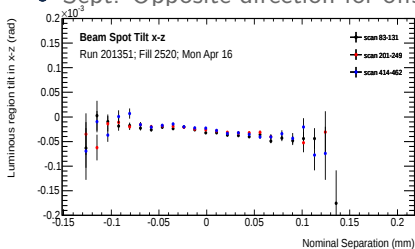
y-scan: y tilt

- Some variation in $y - z$ tilt (scan dir); non-linear in Sept
- Sept: Last BCID again different; offset scan different!



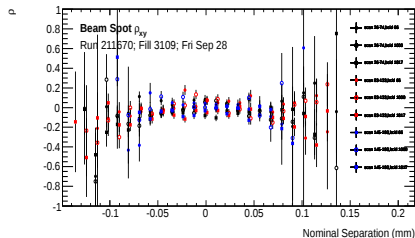
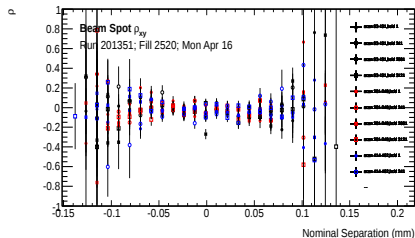
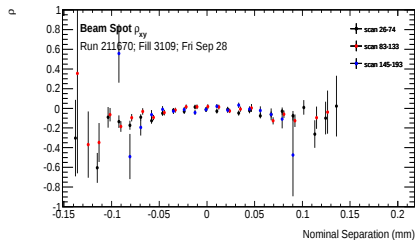
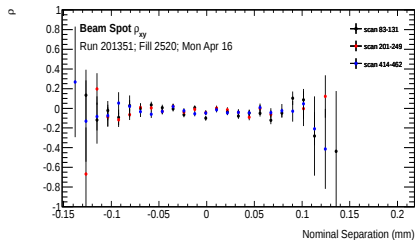
y-scan: x tilt

- Little variation of tilt in $y - z$ in April; some variation in Sept
- Sept: Opposite direction for offset scan!



y-scan: ρ_{xy}

- Again, no variation in ρ_{xy}



● April beamspot ntuples:

- BCID-blind

https://atlas-beamspot.cern.ch/jobfiles/data12_8TeV.00201351.calibration_VdM/VdM_split_1pLB/data12_8TeV.00201351.calibration_VdM-VdM_split_1pLB.BeamSpotNt-nt.root

- per-BCID

https://atlas-beamspot.cern.ch/jobfiles/data12_8TeV.00201351.calibration_VdM/VdM_1pLB_perBCID/data12_8TeV.00201351.calibration_VdM-VdM_1pLB_perBCID.BeamSpotNt-nt.root

● Preliminary September beamspot ntuples:

- BCID-blind

https://atlas-beamspot.cern.ch/jobfiles/data12_8TeV.00211670.calibration_VdM/VdM_split_1pLB_8nd/analysis/data12_8TeV.00211670.calibration_VdM-VdM_split_1pLB_8nd.BeamSpotNt-nt.root

- per-BCID

https://atlas-beamspot.cern.ch/jobfiles/data12_8TeV.00211670.calibration_VdM/VdM_split_1pLB_perBCID_1nw/analysis/data12_8TeV.00211670.calibration_VdM-VdM_split_1pLB_perBCID_1nw.BeamSpotNt-nt.root

Summary



- Initial beamspot results for September VdM scan and comparison to effect seen in Arpil scan
 - Both globally and per-BCID
- Non-factoriation at $\approx$ same level as April
 - σ_y varies with x and likewise σ_x with y
 - Beamspot position in scan direction shifts for offset scan (at least for x -scan)
- Some variation in BCIDs, particularly for last BCID
 - Attribute to difference in parasitic interactions (trains)
- Some very strange differences between nominal/offset scan