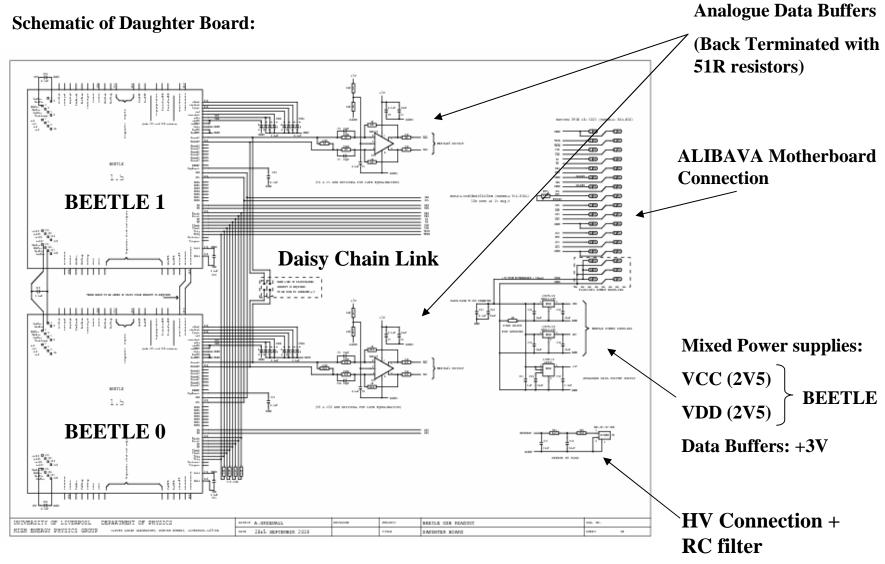
Recap of what the Daughter Board is:

• Single PCB with pad locations for 2 x BEETLE ASICs.

Either serial or parallel readout of Analogue Data.

- Interfaces directly to the ALIBAVA DAQ Mother Board.
- Single 34-way IDC connector, provides the Power, Clock, Fast/Slow Commands and Analogue data streams.
- Separate HV connector for Sensor bias.
- Space adjacent to the BEETLE ASICs for the Sensor to ASIC Fan-in.

Available space is ~15mm x 20mm (w x h).



The main features are:

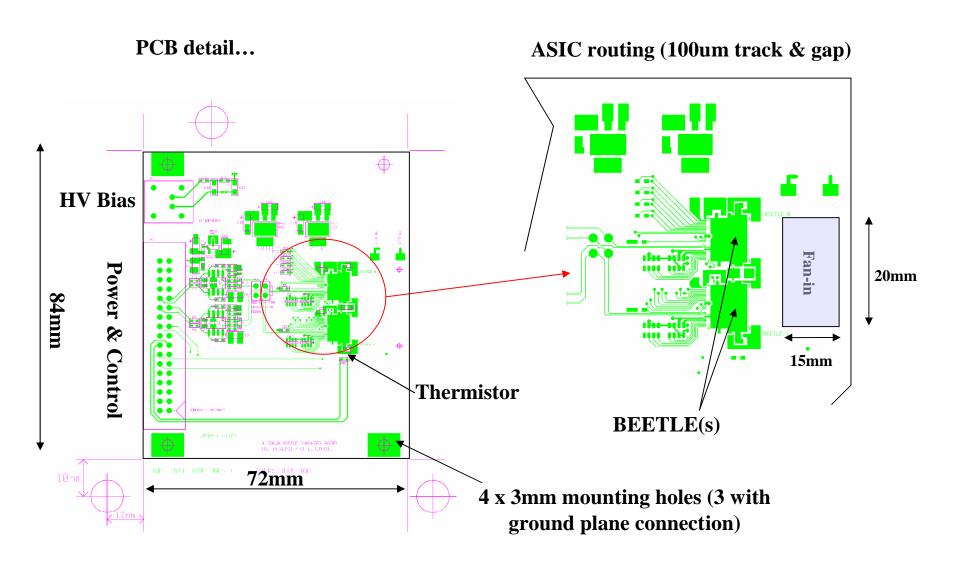
- All 'fast' LVDS inputs are un-buffered with 100R termination onboard (CLK, TRIG etc.)
- BEETLE configuration is by I²C interface, unbuffered CMOS input.
- 1 x Data-Valid per BEETLE: LVDS output.
- 1 x Analogue Data Output per BEETLE, buffered with high speed differential output driver
 - Designed to drive high speed signals over twisted pair cables $(T_r/T_f < 5ns)$
 - Gain set to +2, BUT back termination of output reduces overall gain to +1
- Provision for Daisy Chaining of two BEETLEs BUT uncertain if this feature of the ASICs works. Hence parallel readout of BEETLEs is also provided.
- Separate power supplies for Analogue and Digital stages of the BEETLE (VCC and VDD).
- Analogue data buffers have own +3V supply.
- Single Ground Plane.

The PCB construction details are:

- Multilayered, 4 layers, of FR4 type laminate with 1/2oz Cu (17um).
- Board dimensions: 84mm x 72mm
- 1.6mm finished thickness.
- Minimum track and gap is 100um (4 mil).
- Board finish is Electroless Nickel/Immersion Gold (~0.1um Gold plated over ~5um Nickel underlay) this technique is used to enable Al wire bonding to the PCB.

The PCB Stack up (layer ordering) is:

- 1. Component/Signal
- 2. Common Ground Plane
- 3. Power Plane (mixed analogue & digital).
- 4. Solder/Signal



Status:

- Board Design frozen Awaiting ok for manufacture (Gerber & Drill files finished etc.).
- Fan-ins from ASIC to Sensor not done



- 4 –layer bonds at ASIC (40.24um pitch).
 Needs to fan-out to either 50um or 80um at Sensor end.
 - Require 2 flavours of pitch adaptor to match differing sensor pitches?

Further information, as and when it becomes available can be found at:

http://hep.ph.liv.ac.uk/~ashley/ALIBAVA Beetle.html