

# LHC: Overview and Outlook

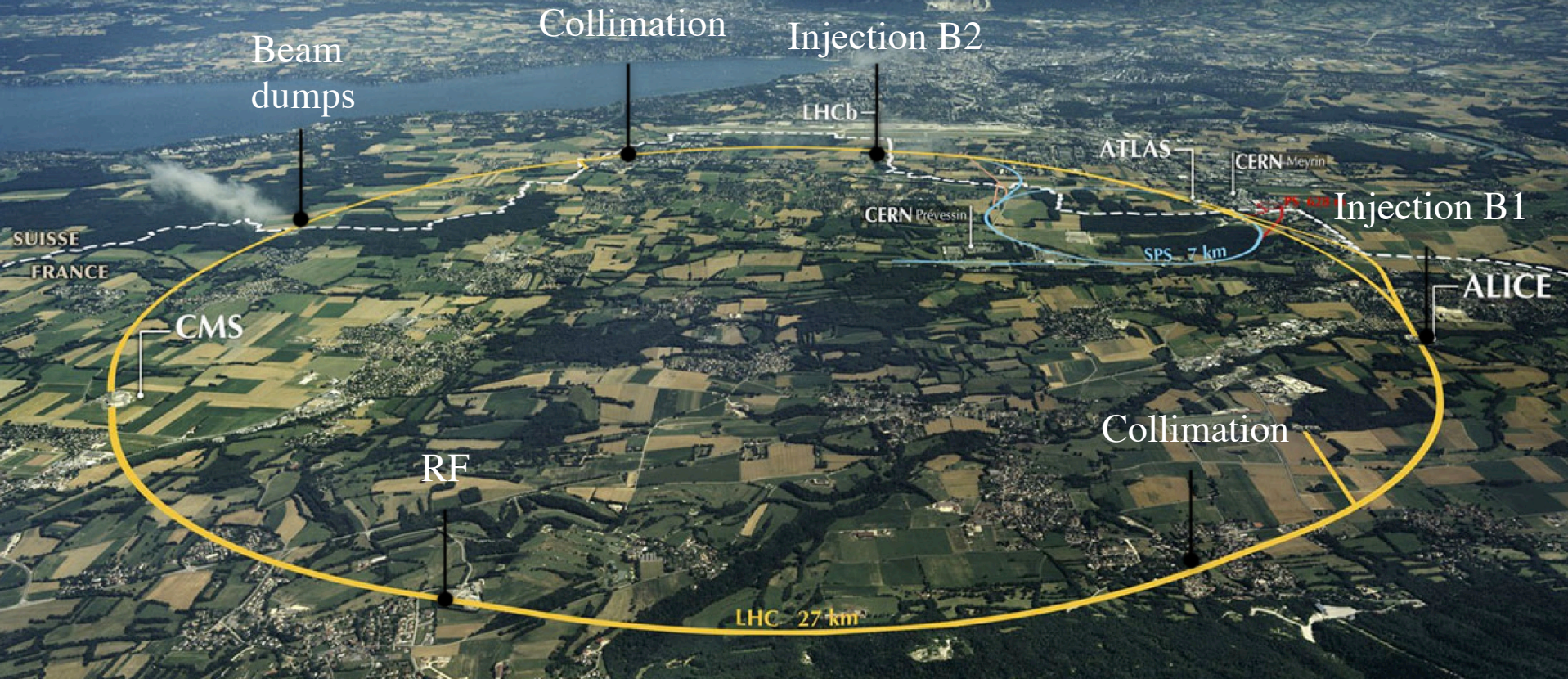
LHC Status  
Results on QCD at the LHC  
HL LHC, Partons, Precision  
Future Higgs  
LHeC Development  
Remarks

Max Klein, University of Liverpool

Introduction of/to QCD@LHC, DESY, 2.9.2013



# LHC: 27km, cold, high energy



1720 Power converters  
> 9000 magnetic elements  
7568 Quench detection systems  
1088 Beam position monitors  
~4000 Beam loss monitors

150 tonnes Helium, ~90 tonnes at 1.9 K  
140 MJ stored beam energy in 2012  
450 MJ magnetic energy per sector at 4 TeV



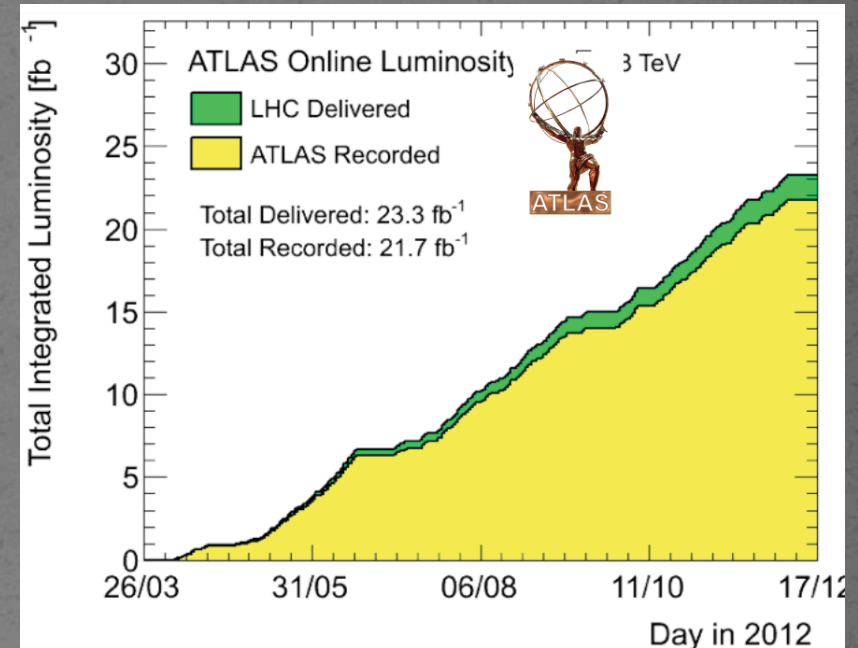
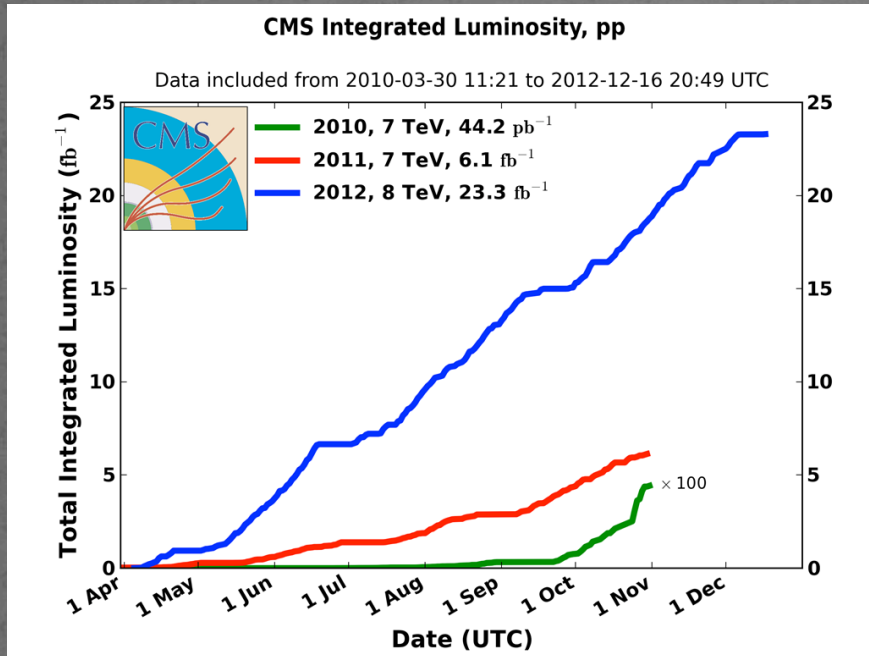
# Development of LHC 2010-2012

	2010	2011	2012	<b>Nominal</b>
Bunch spacing [ns]	150	50	50	25
<b>No. of bunches</b>	368	1380	1380	2808
<b>beta*</b> [m] ATLAS and CMS	3.5	1.0	0.6	0.55
Max <b>bunch intensity</b> [protons/bunch]	$1.2 \times 10^{11}$	$1.45 \times 10^{11}$	$1.7 \times 10^{11}$	$1.15 \times 10^{11}$
Normalized <b>emittance</b> [mm.mrad]	~2.0	~2.4	~2.5	3.75
Peak luminosity [ $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	$2.1 \times 10^{32}$	$3.7 \times 10^{33}$	$7.7 \times 10^{33}$	$1.0 \times 10^{34}$

Major success of CERN and the basis for the existence of modern particle physics



# Accumulation of Luminosity

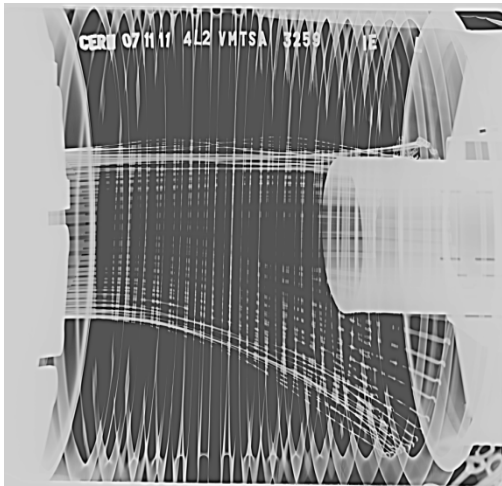


Outstanding efficiency for luminosity recording by the experiments.  
Measured with beam scans and forward detectors to 2-4% precision!  
4 TeV beam energy: 3988 +- 5 +- 26 GeV → J.Wenninger CERN-ATS-2013-040



# Smooth appearance of LHC ...

## Beam induced heating



Vacuum,  
RF  
fingers  
7R7,  
August  
2012.

not Au  
coated..

Blow up of emittance in LHC wrt injectors,  
Impedance and beam stability

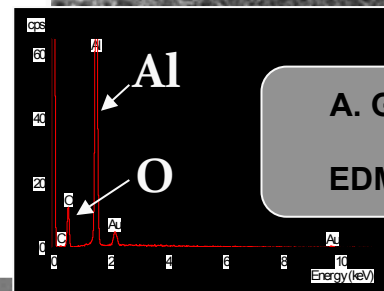
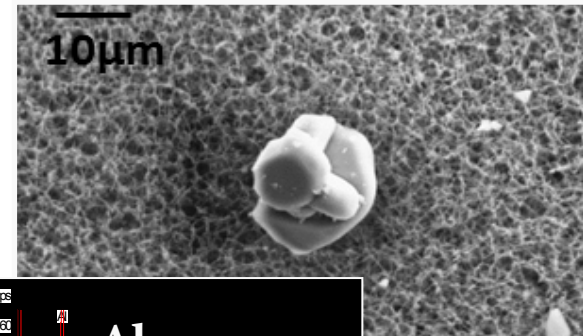
UFOs

Time for scrubbing – e cloud – 25ns?

Electronics away from radiation..

## UFOs

- 20 dumps in 2012
- Timescale 50-200  $\mu$ s
- Conditioning observed
- Worry about 6.5 TeV



A. Gerardin, N.  
Garrel  
EDMS: 1162034

Spark discharges at injection kicker and arcs  
Increase with E and reduced bunch spacing  
New calibration of beam loss signals..

....owing to superb accelerator team





# The main 2013-14 LHC consolidations

1695 Openings and final reclosures of the interconnections

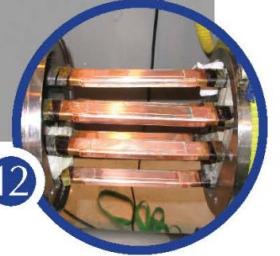
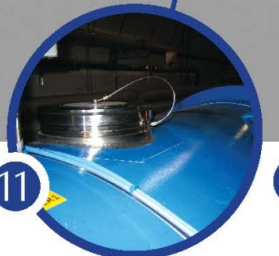
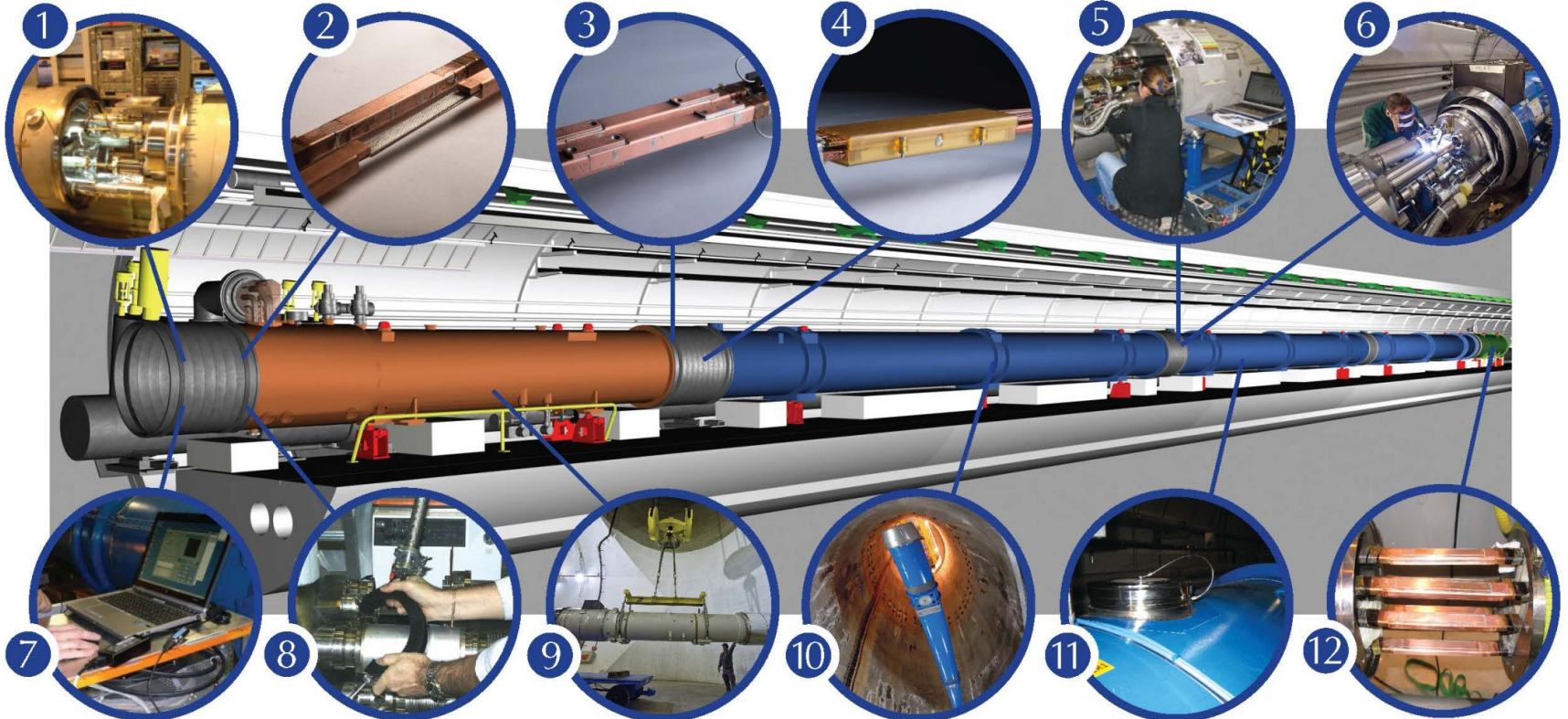
Complete reconstruction of 1500 of these splices

Consolidation of the 10170 13kA splices, installing 27 000 shunts

Installation of 5000 consolidated electrical insulation systems

300 000 electrical resistance measurements

10170 orbital welding of stainless steel lines



18 000 electrical Quality Assurance tests

10170 leak tightness tests

4 quadrupole magnets to be replaced

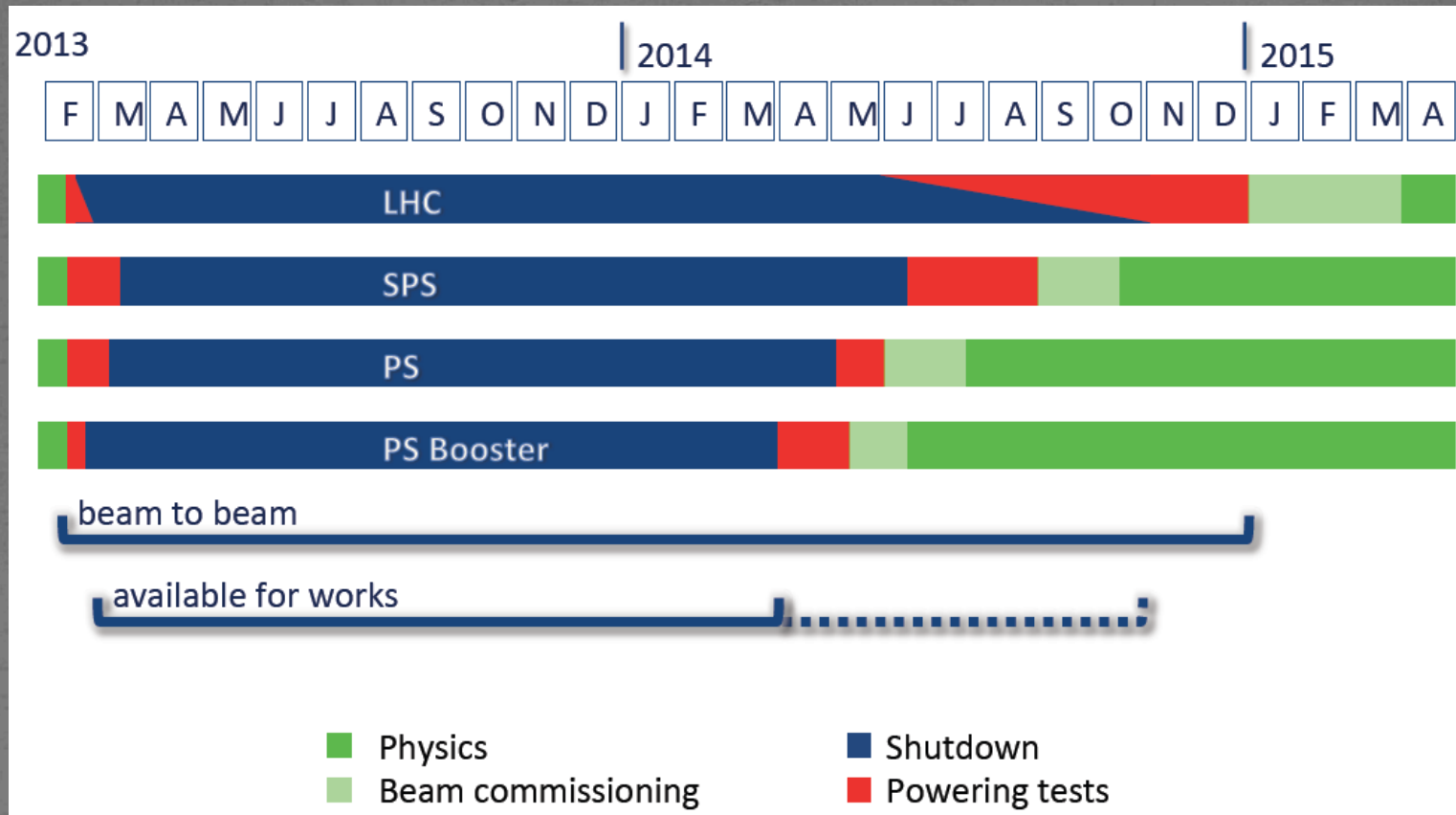
15 dipole magnets to be replaced

Installation of 612 pressure relief devices to bring the total to 1344

Consolidation of the 13 kA circuits in the 16 main electrical feedboxes



# LHC Shutdown LS1



K.Foraz, LHCC June 2014

LHC back for physics in April 2015 with most probably 13 TeV, i.e. 1.6 times enlarged energy

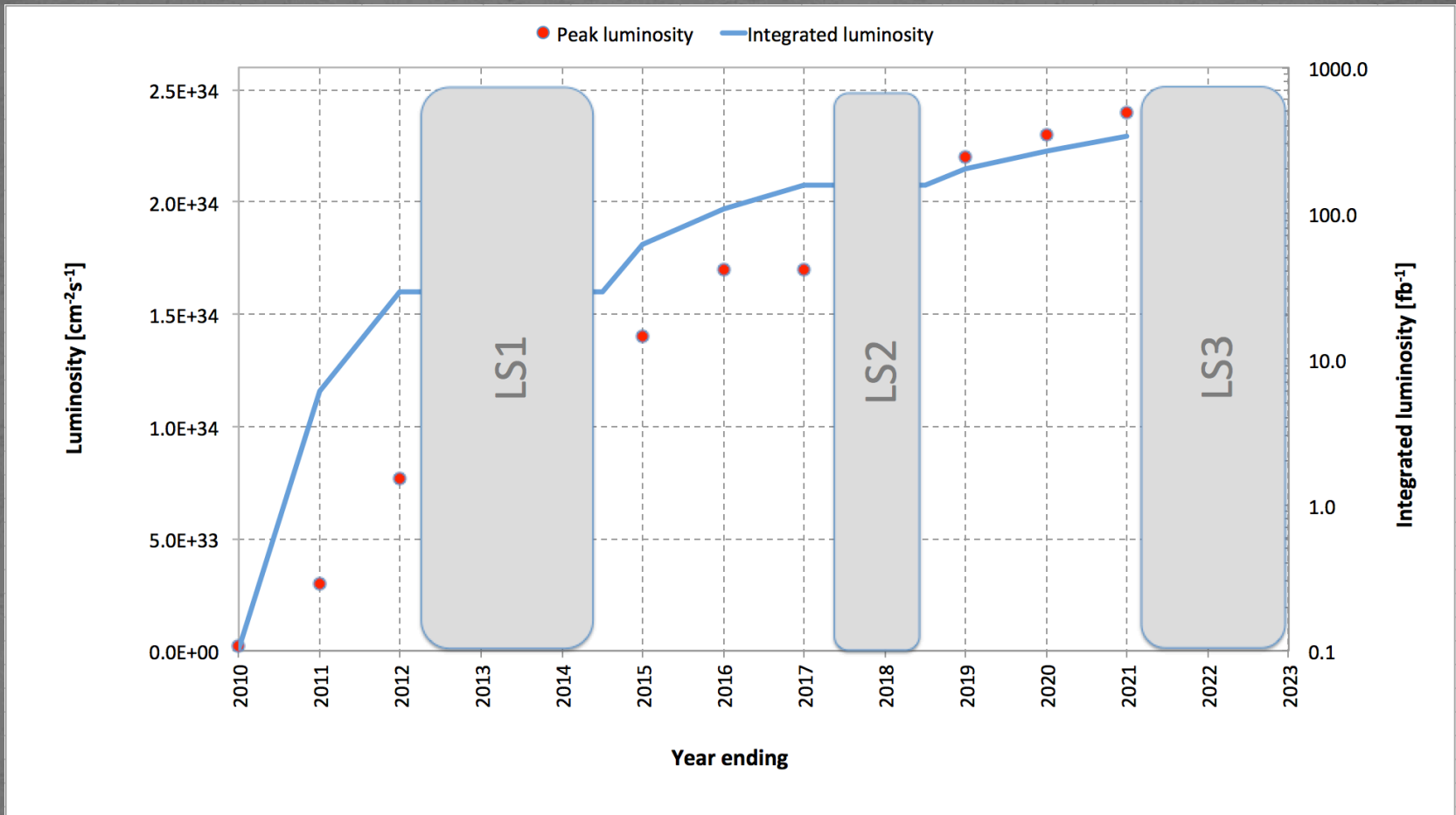


# Conditions for Restart in 2015

	Number of bunches	Bunch intensity LHC [ $10^{11}$ ]	$\beta^*X/\beta^*\text{sep}/X\text{angle}$	Emit LHC [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	Peak Lumi [ $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	~Pile-up	Int. Lumi per year [ $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ]
25 ns	2760	1.15	55/43/189	3.75	$0.93 \times 10^{34}$	25	~24
25 ns low emit	2520	1.15	45/43/149	1.9	$1.7 \times 10^{34}$	52	~45
50 ns	1380	1.6	42/43/136	2.5	$1.6 \times 10^{34}$ level to $0.8 \times 10^{34}$	87 level to 44	~40
50 ns low emit	1260	1.6	38/43/115	1.6	$2.3 \times 10^{34}$ level to $0.8 \times 10^{34}$	138 level to 44	~40



# Luminosity Expectation until early Twenties<sup>\*)</sup>



<sup>\*)</sup> This fall machine workshop to discuss near and further schedule and plans



# Huge success of the HEP Community

4.7.2012 greeting Melbourne from CERN



“The Higgs: So simple and yet so unnatural” G.Altarelli, arXiv:1308.0545



# Searches for New Physics BSM

## ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: SUSY 2013

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.6 - 22.9) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$

Model	$e, \mu, \tau, \gamma$	Jets	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$[\mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.7 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 $e, \mu$	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	any $m(\tilde{q})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	any $m(\tilde{q})$ 1308.1841
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 740 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqW\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 $e, \mu$	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.18 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}(\ell\ell/\nu\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	0-3 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.12 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-089
	GMSB ( $\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 $e, \mu$	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.24 TeV	$\tan\beta < 15$ 1208.4688
	GMSB ( $\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 $\tau$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 1.4 TeV	$\tan\beta > 18$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-026
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 $\gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 1.07 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$ 1209.0753
GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 619 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-144	
GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	$\gamma$	1 $b$	Yes	4.8	$\tilde{g}$ 900 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>220 \text{ GeV}$ 1211.1167	
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 $e, \mu (Z)$	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	$\tilde{g}$ 690 GeV	$m(H^\pm)>200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-152	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$\tilde{g}$ 645 GeV	$m(\tilde{g})>10^{-4} \text{ eV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-147	
3 <sup>rd</sup> gen. $\tilde{g}$ med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<600 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<350 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.1841
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	0-1 $e, \mu$	3 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)<400 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	0-1 $e, \mu$	3 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{g}$ 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)<300 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
3 <sup>rd</sup> gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{b}_1$ 100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<90 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	0-3 $b$	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{b}_1$ 275-430 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	1-2 $e, \mu$	1-2 $b$	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=55 \text{ GeV}$ 1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 130-220 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(W)-50 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{t}_1)<m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-048
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	2 jets	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 225-525 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-065
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	0	2 $b$	Yes	20.1	$\tilde{t}_1$ 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=5 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	1 $e, \mu$	1 $b$	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 200-610 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-037
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 $b$	Yes	20.5	$\tilde{t}_1$ 320-660 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-024
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{t}_1$ 90-200 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 $e, \mu (Z)$	1 $b$	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_1$ 500 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-025
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 $e, \mu (Z)$	1 $b$	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{t}_2$ 271-520 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+180 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-025	
EW direct	$\tilde{L}_R\tilde{L}_R, \tilde{L} \rightarrow \ell\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{L}$ 85-315 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-049
	$\tilde{X}_1^0\tilde{X}_1^0, \tilde{X}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}(\tilde{\nu})$	2 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{X}_1^0$ 125-450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-049
	$\tilde{X}_1^\pm\tilde{X}_1^\pm, \tilde{X}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}(\tilde{\nu})$	2 $\tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{X}_1^\pm$ 180-330 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-028
	$\tilde{X}_1^0\tilde{X}_2^0, \tilde{X}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}(\tilde{\nu}), \tilde{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$	3 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{X}_1^0, \tilde{X}_2^0$ 600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-035
	$\tilde{X}_1^0\tilde{X}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	3 $e, \mu$	0	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{X}_1^0, \tilde{X}_2^0$ 315 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-035
	$\tilde{X}_1^0\tilde{X}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 $e, \mu$	2 $b$	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{X}_1^0, \tilde{X}_2^0$ 285 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-093
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\mp$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.2 \text{ ns}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-069
	Stable, stopped $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	$\tilde{g}$ 832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < \tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-057
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 $\mu$	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-058
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma G$ , long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 $\gamma$	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	$0.4 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 2 \text{ ns}$ 1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$ (RPV)	1 $\mu$ , displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{q}$ 1.0 TeV	$1.5 < c\tau < 156 \text{ mm}, \text{BR}(\mu)=1, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=108 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-092
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$	2 $e, \mu$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	$\lambda_{311}^{\nu\nu}=0.10, \lambda_{332}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	$\lambda_{311}^{\nu\nu}=0.10, \lambda_{3(2)33}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 $e, \mu$	7 jets	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{q}, \tilde{g}$ 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{LSP} < 1 \text{ mm}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-140
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 $e, \mu$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 760 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>300 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{121}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>80 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{133}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{q}$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	$\tilde{g}$ 916 GeV	$\text{BR}(t)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-091
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{s}$	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	0-3 $b$	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{g}$ 880 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-007	
Other	Scalar gluon pair, $sgluon \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	$sgluon$ 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693 1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, $sgluon \rightarrow t\tilde{t}$	2 $e, \mu$ (SS)	1 $b$	Yes	14.3	$sgluon$ 800 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-051
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac $\chi$ )	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$\tilde{M}^*$ scale 704 GeV	$m(\chi)<80 \text{ GeV}$ , limit of $<687 \text{ GeV}$ for D8 ATLAS-CONF-2012-147

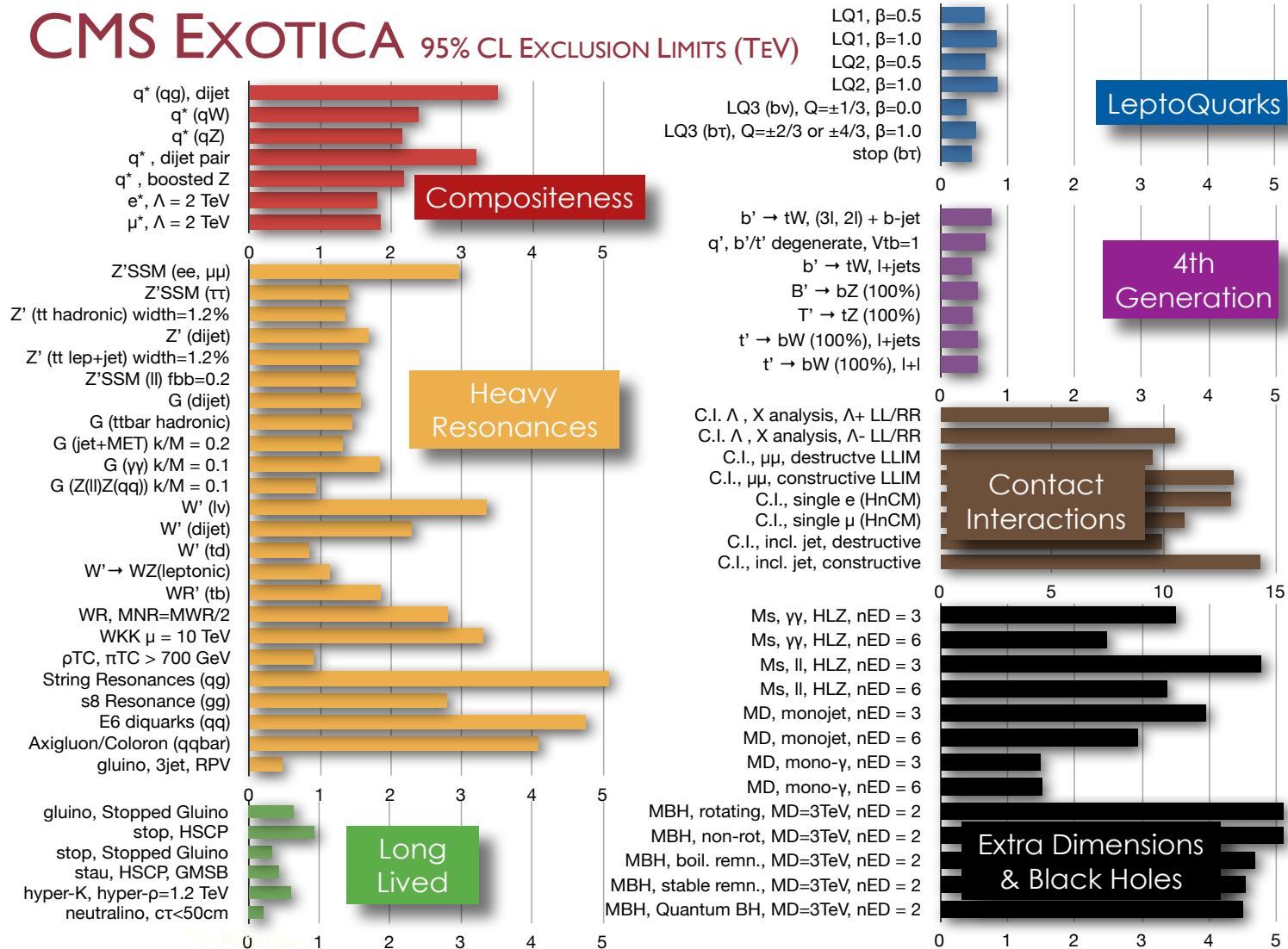
$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$  full data  
 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  partial data  
 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  full data

\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus  $1\sigma$  theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



# Searches for New Physics BSM

## CMS EXOTICA 95% CL EXCLUSION LIMITS (TeV)



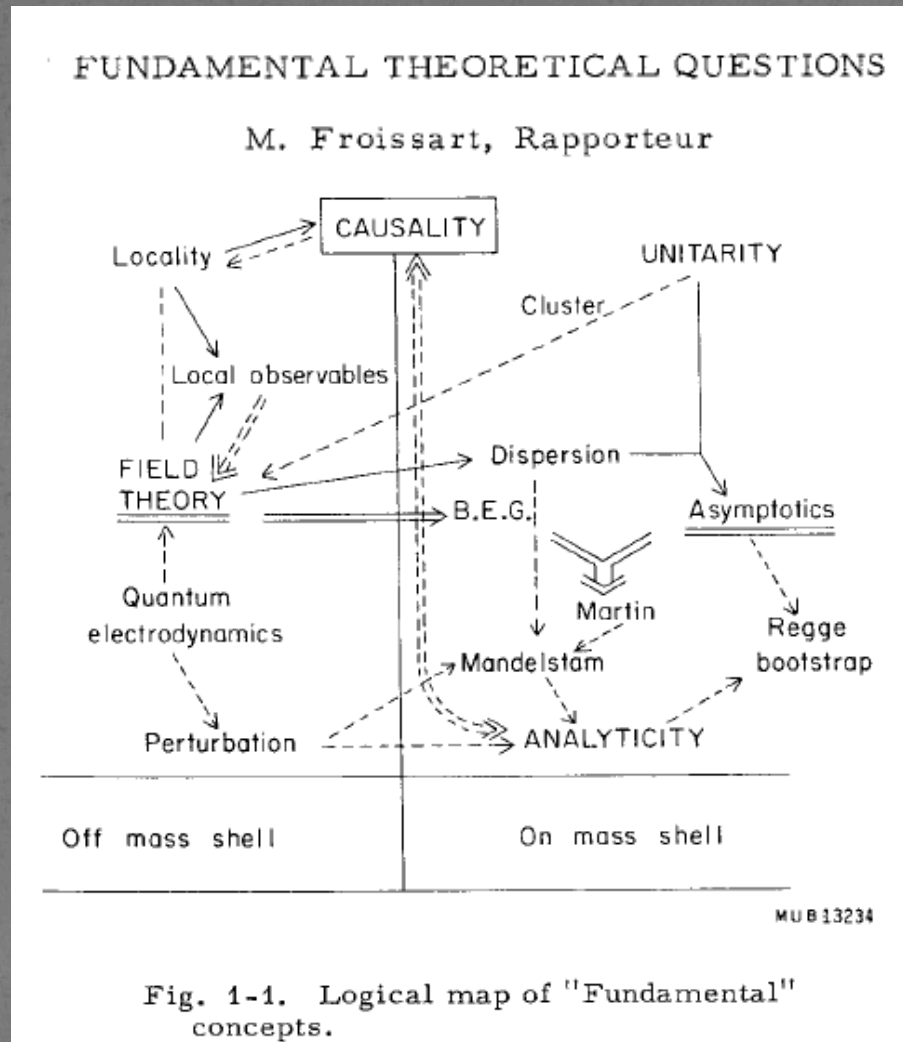
# Results on QCD at the LHC



# Preface

“We like to see particle physics as driven by experiment ...”

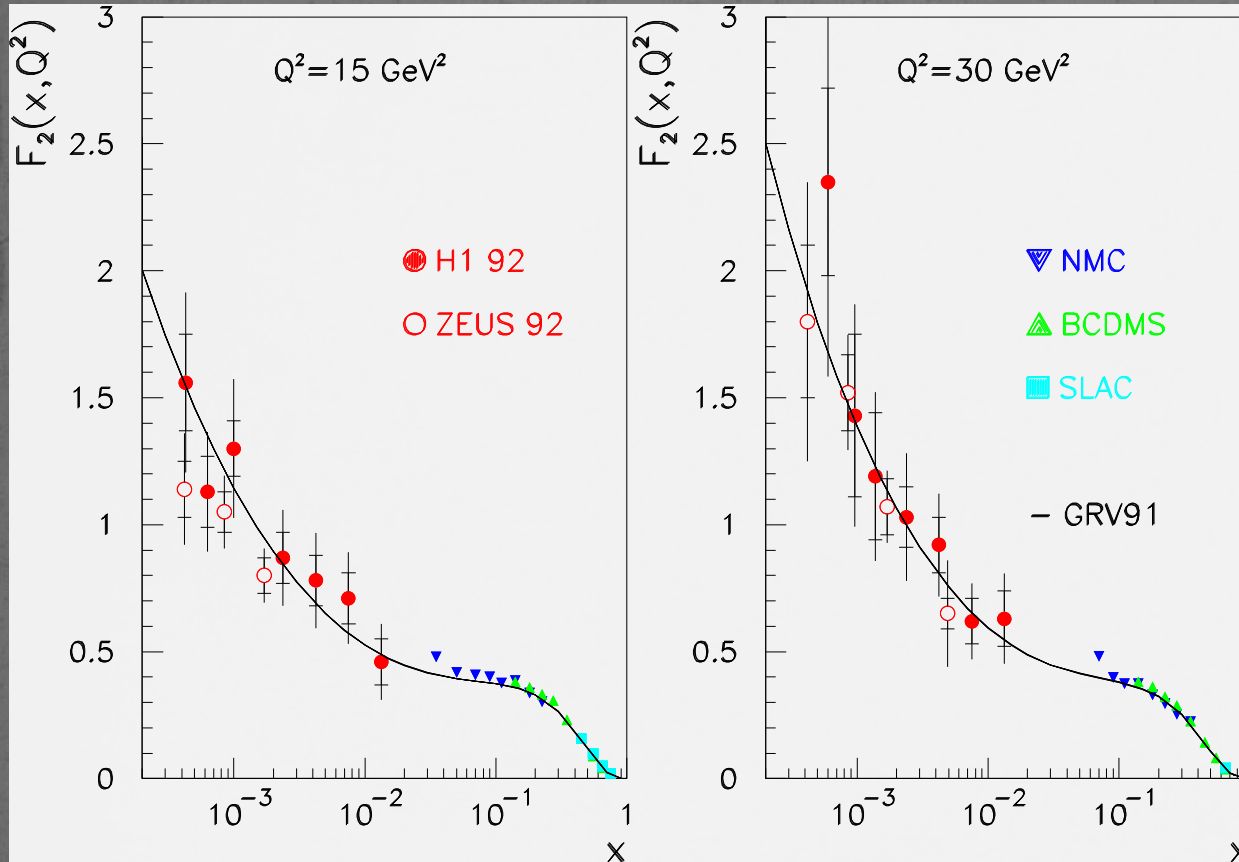
Burt Richter  
2009



QCD yet a prime example of the joint efforts of experiment AND theoretical physics

# The rise of $F_2$ to Low $x$

August 1993



First measurements of low  $x$  scaling violations with  $\sim 20 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  (!), by H1 and ZEUS at HERA

“Not for the New York Times but for the textbooks of physics..”  
Bjoern Wiik

Practically free of background, apart from a bit of  $\gamma p$  at high  $y$ ..  
Redundant e-h kinematics  $\rightarrow$  precision

Not rigorously predicted though in accord with QCD:

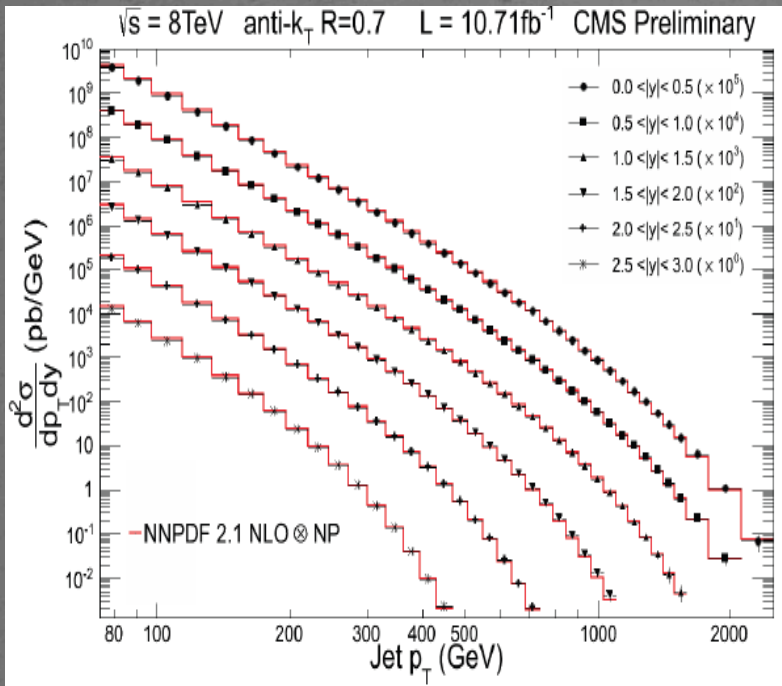
“Possible non-Regge behaviour of Electroproduction Structure Functions”

A DeRujula, SL Glashow, HD Politzer, SB Treiman, F Wilczek, A Zee: PhysRev D10(1974)1649



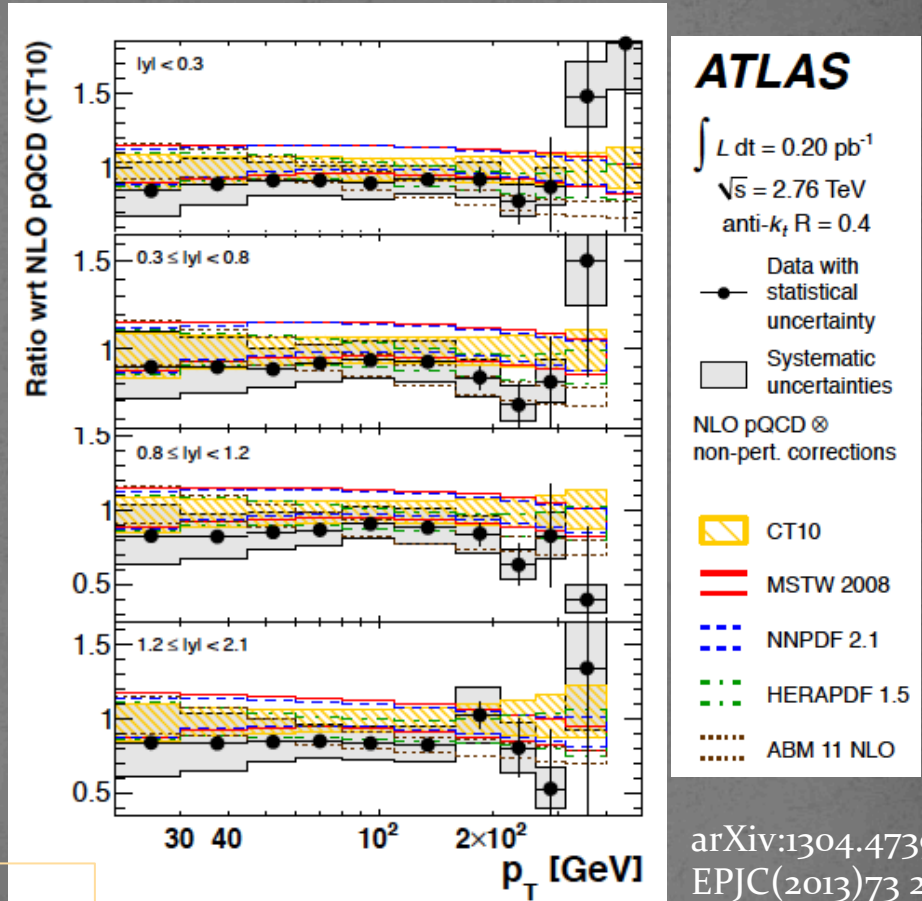
# QCD at the LHC

Jets, Photons, Vector Bosons, Vector Bosons+Jets, Soft QCD [lowx, MPI, diffraction]



CMS-PAS-SMP-12-02

ATLAS-CONF-2013-041:R3/2  
 $\alpha_s = .111 \pm .006 +0.016-0.003$  (thy)

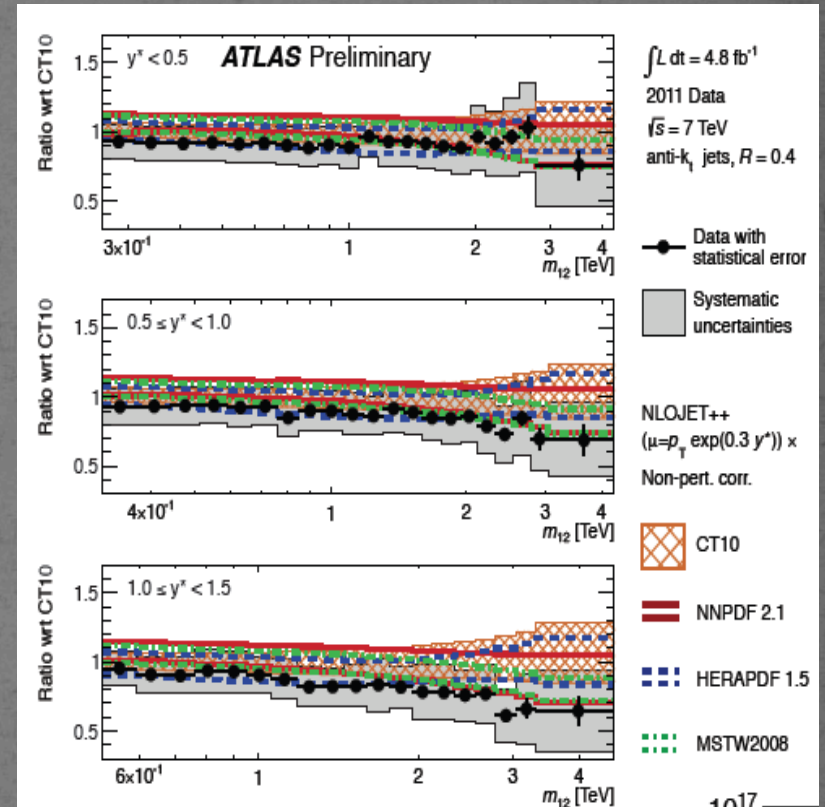
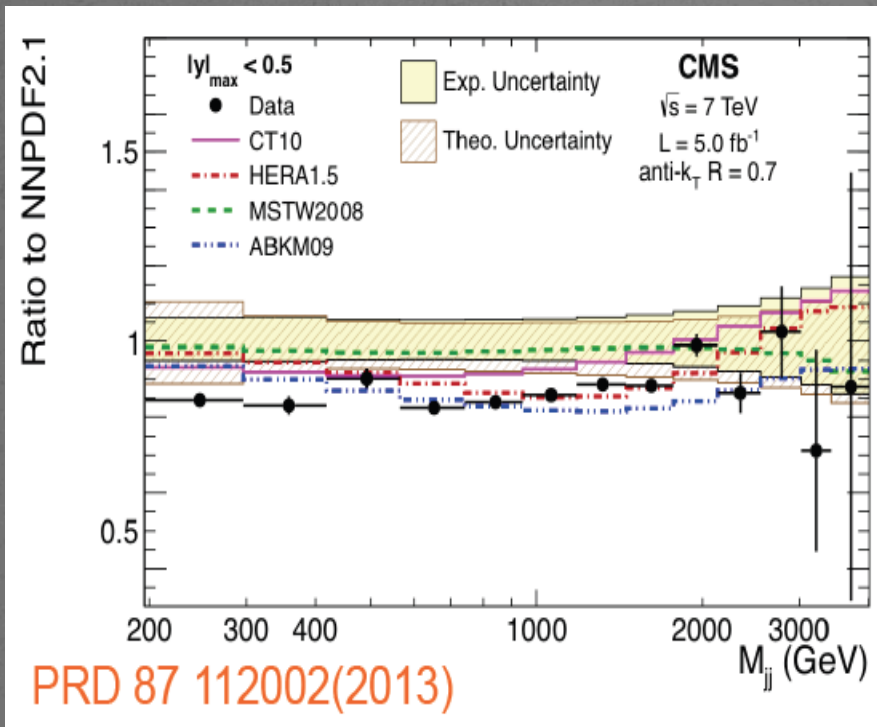


arXiv:1304.4739  
 EPJC(2013)73 2509  
 .. extends to 4.4

Inclusive jet cross sections and their energy dependent ratios well described by NLO QCD

# QCD at the LHC

Jets, Photons, Vector Bosons, Vector Bosons+Jets, Soft QCD [lowx, MPI, diffraction]



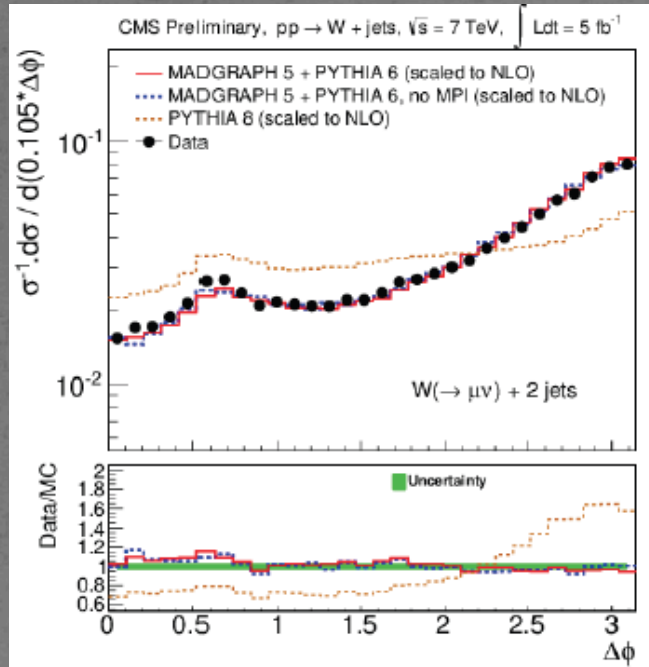
ATLAS-CONF-2012-021

Di-jet cross sections to about 10% in agreement with QCD + different PDFs

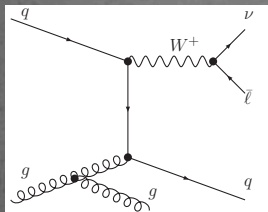


# QCD at the LHC

Jets, Photons, Vector Bosons, Vector Bosons+Jets, Soft QCD [lowx, MPI, diffraction]

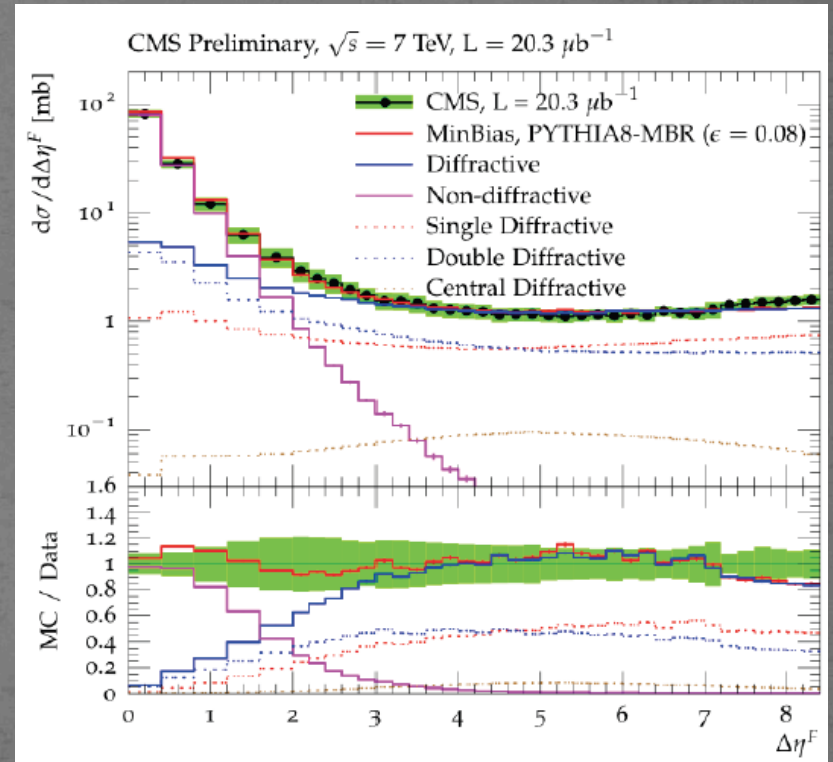


CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-028



MPI's in W+jj data  
ATLAS: New J. Phys. 15 (2013) 033038

Diffraction (SD+DD) up to  $\Delta\eta = 8$

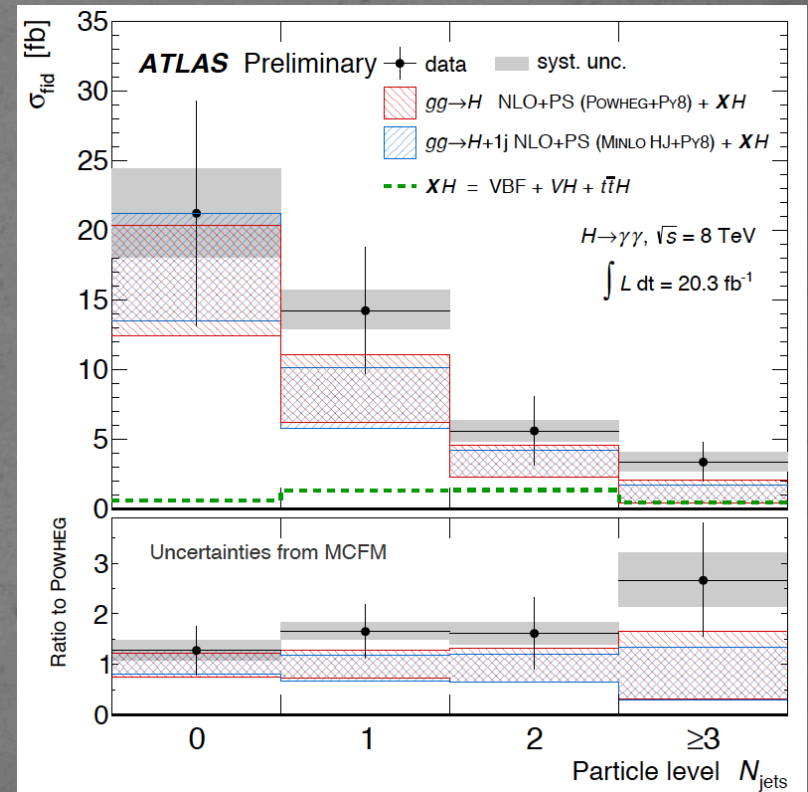
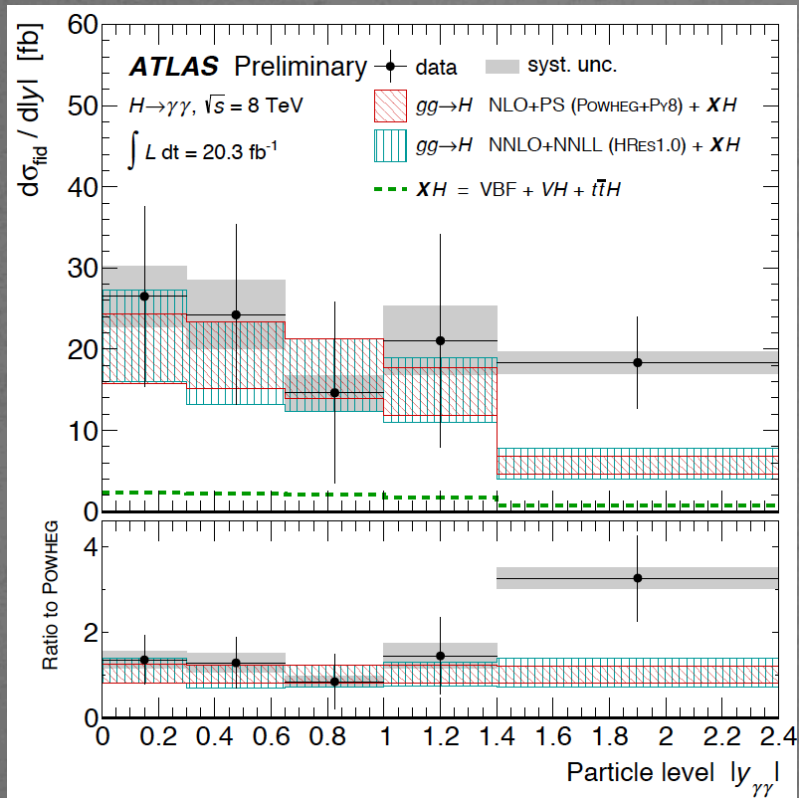


CMS-PAS-FSQ-12-005

Consistent with ATLAS EPJC72(2012)1926  
Comparisons with PYTHIA and PHOJET

# QCD at the LHC

Jets, Photons, Vector Bosons, Vector Bosons+Jets, Soft QCD [lowx, MPI, diffraction]  
 and since summer 13: **Higgs as a QCD object**



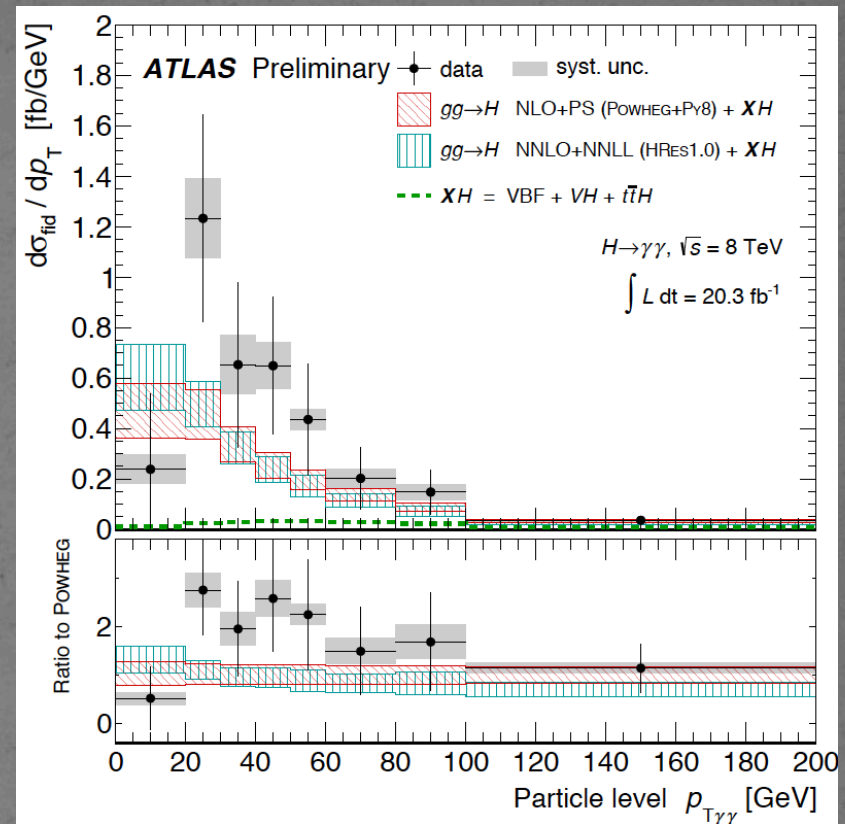
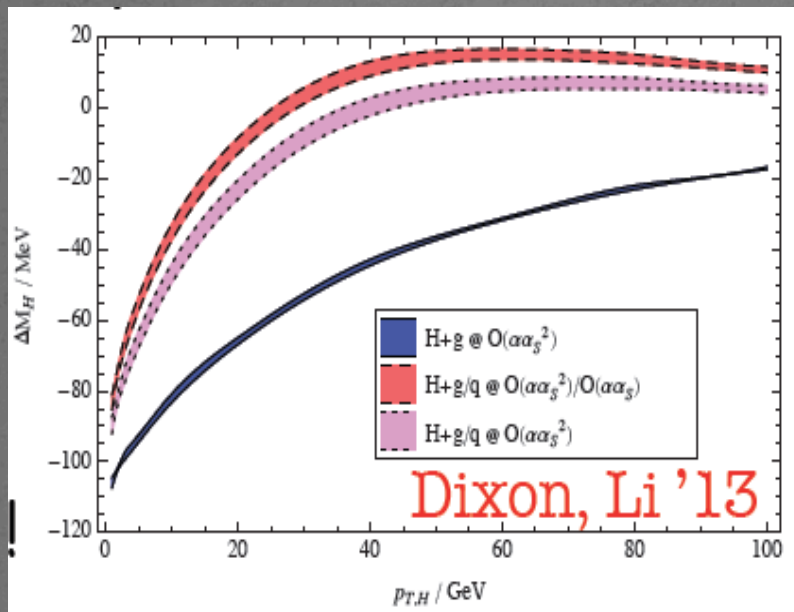
First differential cross sections of  $pp \rightarrow X+H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ .  
 Large background but clear signal observed.

ATLAS-CONF-2013-072



# Higgs and QCD at the LHC

The first pt measurement of H:



ATLAS-CONF-2013-072

cf C. Grojean at EPS Stockholm

Small width (4 MeV) results in  $p_T(H)$  dependent reduction of  $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ . Very high precision required to verify this and thus access Higgs width at the LHC..

# Theory

Process ( $V \in \{Z, W, \gamma\}$ )	Comments
1. $pp \rightarrow VV \text{ jet}$	$WW$ jet completed by Dittmaier/Kallweit/Uwer; Campbell/Ellis/Zanderighi $ZZ$ jet completed by Binoth/Gleisberg/Karg/Kauer/Sanguinetti $WZ$ jet, $W\gamma$ jet completed by Campanario et al.
2. $pp \rightarrow \text{Higgs}+2 \text{ jets}$	NLO QCD to the $gg$ channel completed by Campbell/Ellis/Zanderighi NLO QCD+EW to the VBF channel completed by Ciccolini/Denner/Dittmaier Interference QCD-EW in VBF channel
3. $pp \rightarrow V V V$	$ZZZ$ completed by Lazopoulos/Melnikov/Petriello and $WWZ$ by Hankele/Zeppenfeld see also Binoth/Ossola/Papadopoulos/Pittau VBFNLO meanwhile also contains $WWW, ZZW, ZZZ, WW\gamma, ZZ\gamma, WZ\gamma, W\gamma\gamma, Z\gamma\gamma, \gamma\gamma\gamma, W\gamma j$
4. $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} b\bar{b}$	relevant for $t\bar{t}H$ , computed by Bredenstein/Denner/Dittmaier/Pozzorini and Bevilacqua/Czakon/Papadopoulos/Pittau/Worek
5. $pp \rightarrow V+3 \text{ jets}$	$W+3$ jets calculated by the Blackhat/Sherpa and Rocket collaborations $Z+3$ jets by Blackhat/Sherpa
6. $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}+2 \text{ jets}$	relevant for $t\bar{t}H$ , computed by Bevilacqua/Czakon/Papadopoulos/Worek
7. $pp \rightarrow VV b\bar{b}$ , 8. $pp \rightarrow VV+2 \text{ jets}$	Pozzorini et al. Bevilacqua et al. $W^+W^++2 \text{ jets}, W^+W^-+2 \text{ jets}$ , relevant for VBF $H \rightarrow VV$ VBF contributions by (Bozzi/)Jäger/Oleari/Zeppenfeld
9. $pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ 10. $pp \rightarrow V+4 \text{ jets}$	Binoth et al. top pair production, various new physics signatures Blackhat/Sherpa: $W+4 \text{ jets}, Z+4 \text{ jets}$ see also HEJ for $W+n \text{ jets}$
11. $pp \rightarrow Wb\bar{b}j$ 12. $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$	top, new physics signatures, Reina/Schutzmeier various new physics signatures, Bevilacqua/Worek
$pp \rightarrow W\gamma\gamma \text{ jet}$ $pp \rightarrow 4 \text{ jets}$	Campanario/Englert/Rauch/Zeppenfeld Blackhat/Sherpa

“The NLO Industrial Revolution”

Subtracting loops as master integrals

Feynmanian reduction

Unitarian approach

Semiautomated programs (BlackHat..)

Automated subtraction

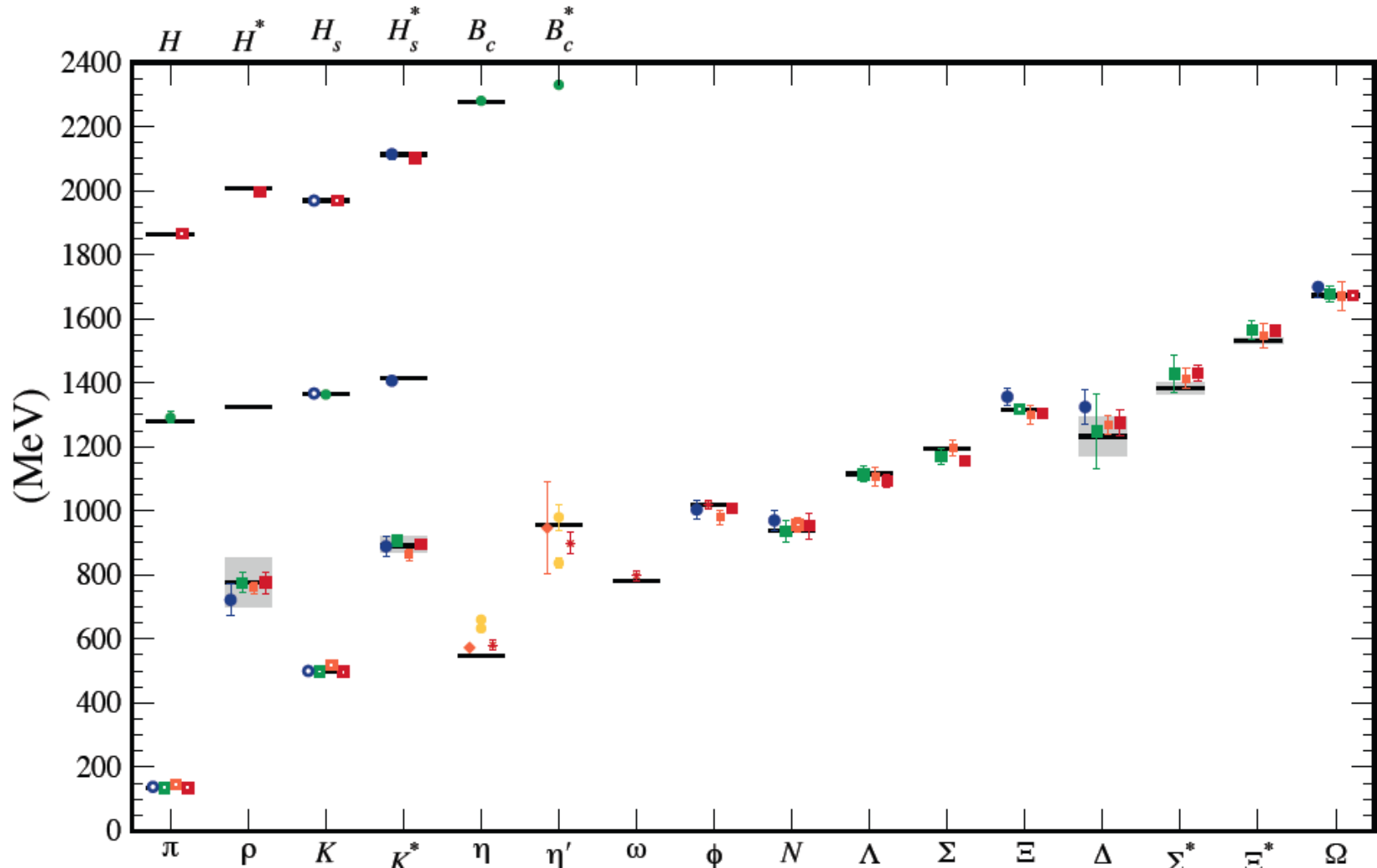
Standalone codes...

cf S. Hoeche ly SLAC 7/13

Now various processes, as  $gg \rightarrow H$ , are being calculated at NNLO



# Lattice QCD



# HL LHC, Partons and the need for precision

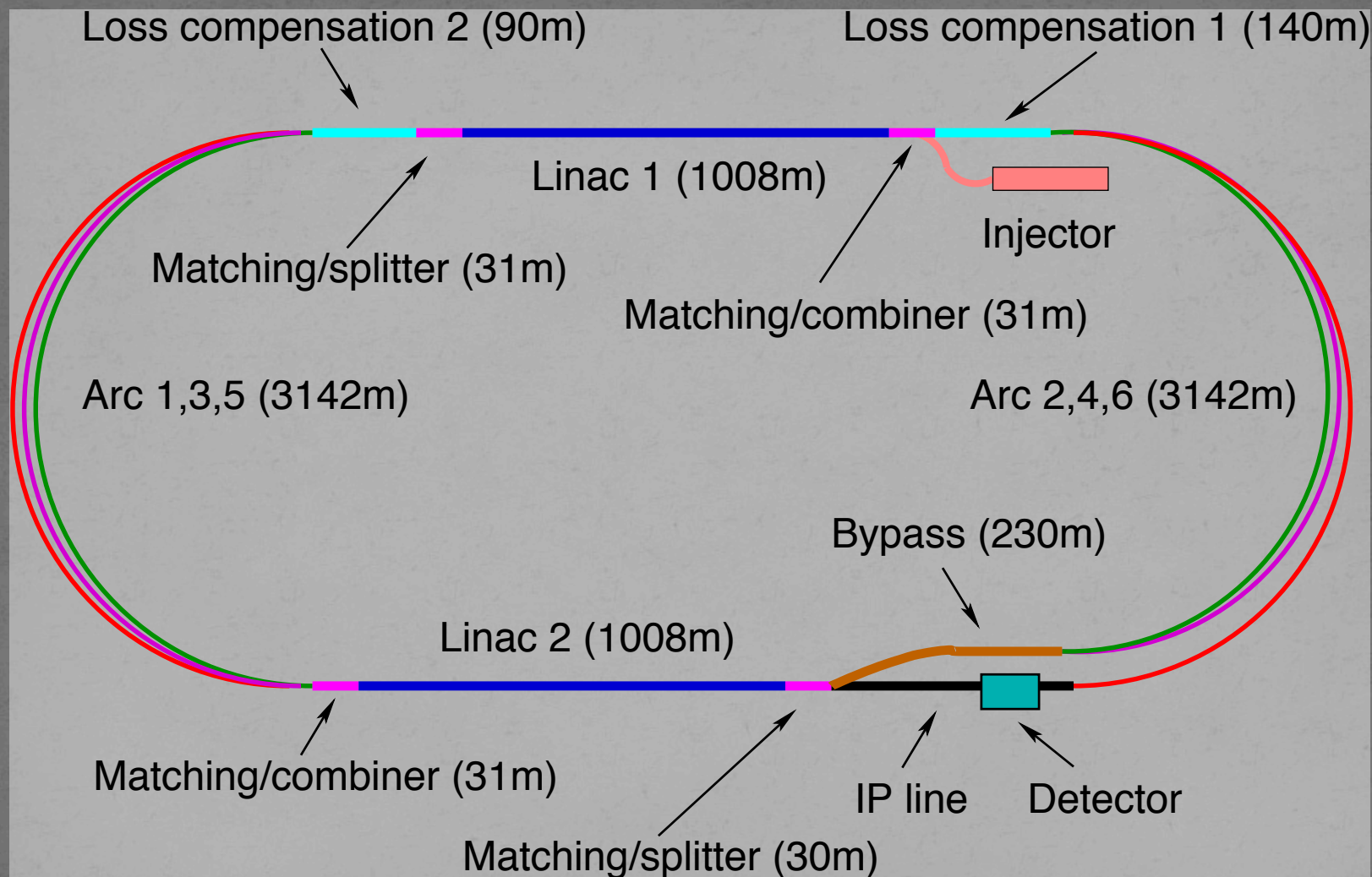
HL-LHC is the program to achieve  $3\text{ab}^{-1}$  in pp at 14 TeV by 2030+



# HL-LHC Upgrade Ingredients

- Geometric reduction factor  $\rightarrow \beta^* \geq 10$  cm & Crab Cavities
- Triplet aperture  $\rightarrow$  New large aperture triplet magnets
- Bunch intensity  $\rightarrow N_b = 2.2 \cdot 10^{11}$  (limited in LHC by e-cloud)  
 $\rightarrow$  injector complex upgrade prerequisite for HL-LHC!!!
- Event pile-up in detectors  $\rightarrow$  luminosity leveling
- Beam Losses and Radiation  $\rightarrow$  shielding, Cryo upgrade & relocation of electronics and PC
- Collective effects and impedance  $\rightarrow$  Collimator Upgrade
- Electron cloud effect  $\rightarrow$  beam scrubbing & feedback

# LHeC - electron beam upgrade



JPhysG:39(2012)075001, arXiv:1206.2913 <http://cern.ch/lhec>

CDR: default design. 60 GeV.  $L=10^{33-34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ , ERL, synchronous ep/pp



# Why Precision?

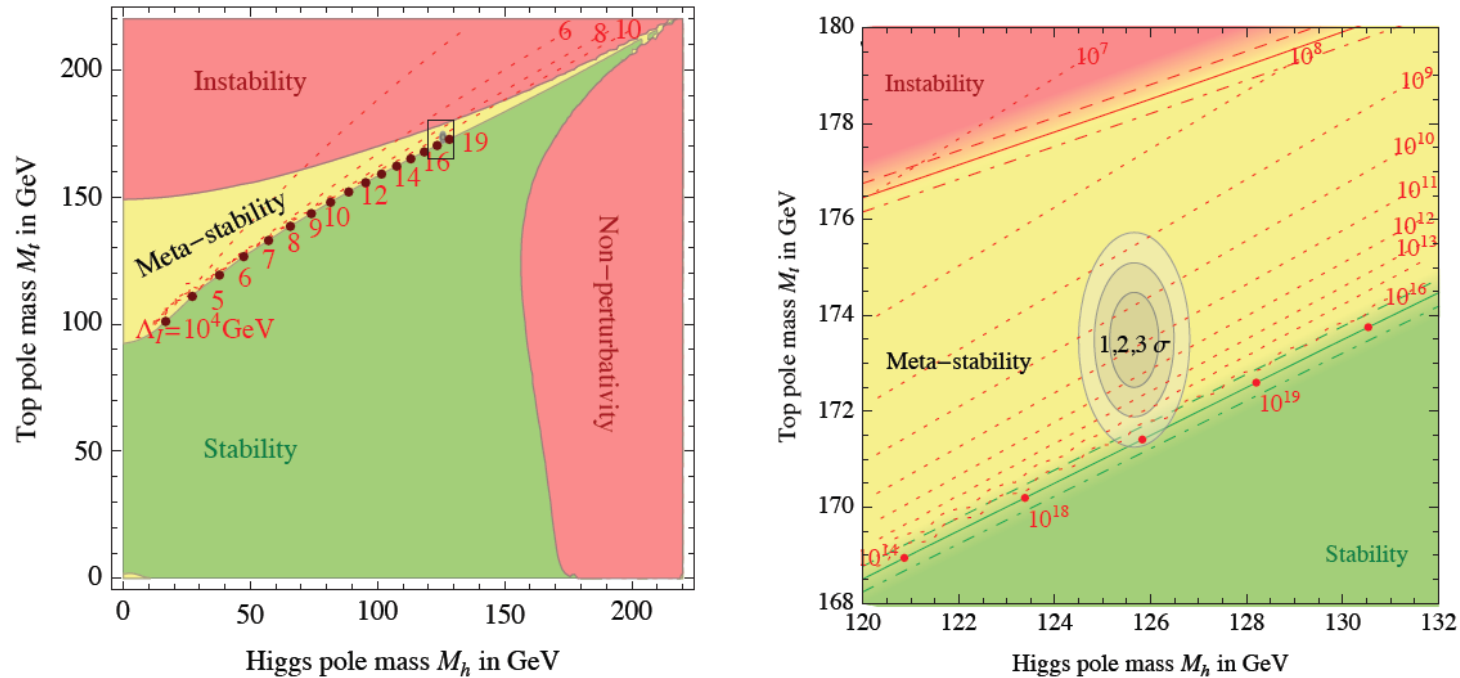


Figure 1: Regions of absolute stability, meta-stability and instability of the SM vacuum in terms of the top and Higgs masses. The frame on the right zooms into the preferred experimental region (the grey ellipses denote the allowed region at 1, 2, and  $3\sigma$ ). The three boundary lines correspond to  $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1184 \pm 0.0007$ , and the grading of the colours indicates the size of the theoretical error. The dotted contour-lines show the instability scale in GeV, assuming the central value of  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$ . (For details see refs. [10, 11].)

# The strong coupling “constant”

Method	Current relative precision	Future relative precision
$e^+e^-$ evt shapes	expt $\sim 1\%$ (LEP) thry $\sim 3\%$ (NNLO+NLL, n.p. signif.) [24]	$< 1\%$ possible (ILC/TLEP) $\sim 1.5\%$ (control n.p. via $Q^2$ -dep.)
$e^+e^-$ jet rates	expt $\sim 2\%$ (LEP) thry $\sim 1\%$ (NNLO, n.p. moderate) [25]	$< 1\%$ possible (ILC/TLEP) $\sim 0.5\%$ (NLL missing)
precision EW	expt $\sim 3\%$ ( $R_Z$ , LEP) thry $\sim 0.5\%$ ( $N^3$ LO, n.p. small) [26, 7]	0.1% (TLEP [8]), 0.5% (ILC [9]) $\sim 0.3\%$ ( $N^4$ LO feasible, $\sim 10$ yrs)
$\tau$ decays	expt $\sim 0.5\%$ (LEP, B-factories) thry $\sim 2\%$ ( $N^3$ LO, n.p. small) [6]	$< 0.2\%$ possible (ILC/TLEP) $\sim 1\%$ ( $N^4$ LO feasible, $\sim 10$ yrs)
$ep$ colliders	$\sim 1\text{--}2\%$ (pdf fit dependent) (mostly theory, NNLO) [27, 28, 29, 30]	0.1% (LHeC + HERA [21]) $\sim 0.5\%$ (at least $N^3$ LO required)
hadron colliders	$\sim 4\%$ (Tev. jets), $\sim 3\%$ (LHC $t\bar{t}$ ) (NLO jets, NNLO $t\bar{t}$ , gluon uncert.) [15, 19, 31]	$< 1\%$ challenging (NNLO jets imminent [20])
lattice	$\sim 0.5\%$ (Wilson loops, correlators, ...) (limited by accuracy of pert. th.) [32, 33, 34]	$\sim 0.3\%$ ( $\sim 5$ yrs [35])

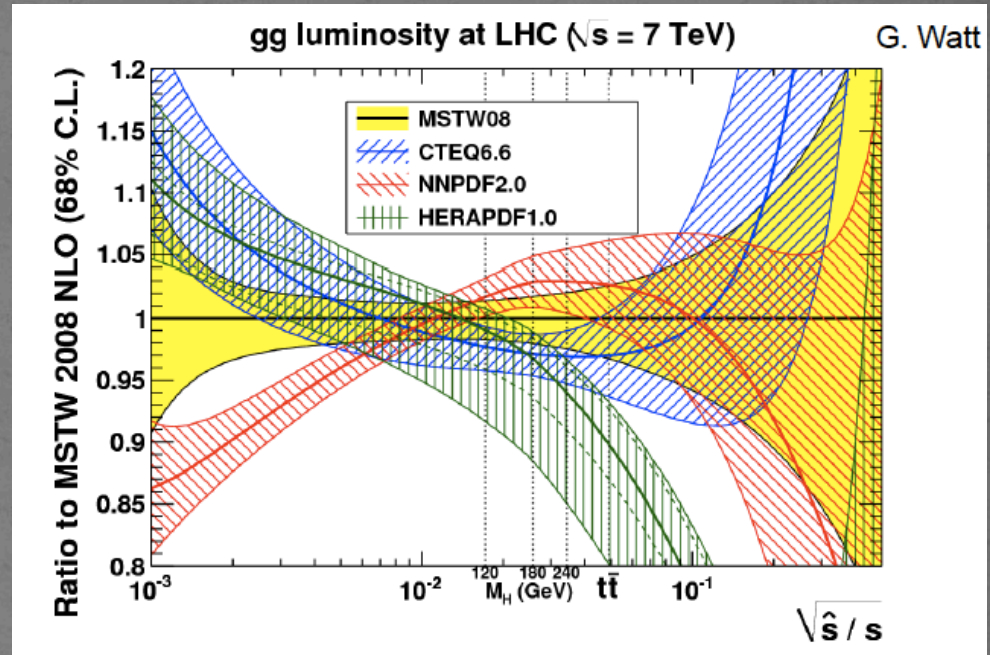
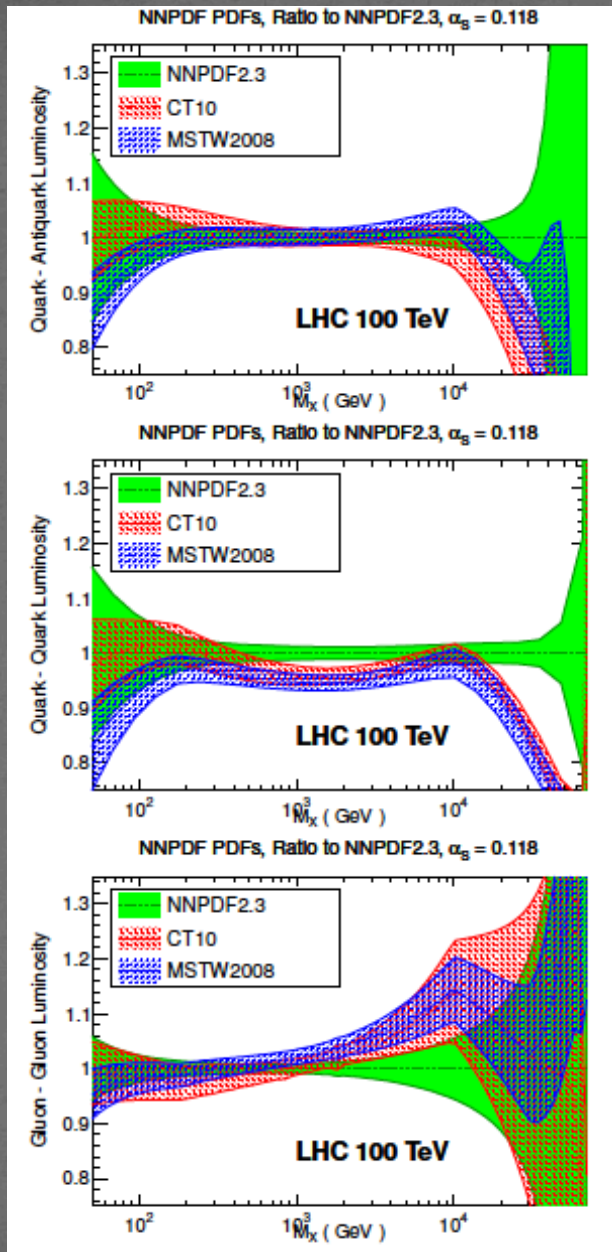
**Table 1-1.** Summary of current uncertainties in extractions of  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  and targets for future (5–25 years) determinations. For the cases where theory uncertainties are considered separately, the theory uncertainties for future targets reflect a reduction by a factor of about two.

Snowmass QCD WG report 9/2013

Prospects to measure  $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$  to per mille precision with future ep and ee colliders  
Important for gauge unification, precision Higgs at LHC, and to overcome the past..



# Parton Distributions



Need to know the PDFs much better than so far, for nucleon structure, q-g dynamics, Higgs, Searches, future colliders, and the development of QCD

# (Un)certainty on PDFs

## Light Quarks:

valence  $x < 0.01$ ,  $u_v$   $x > 0.8$ ,  $d_v$   $x > 0.6$   
 light sea (related to strange) -8% ATLAS/ $F_2$ ,  
 light sea quark asymmetry,  $d/u=?$   
 Isospin relations (en!) ??

**Strange:** unknown,  $=\bar{d}$ ? strange valence?

**Charm:** need high precision to % for  $\alpha_s$   
 (recent HERA 5%)

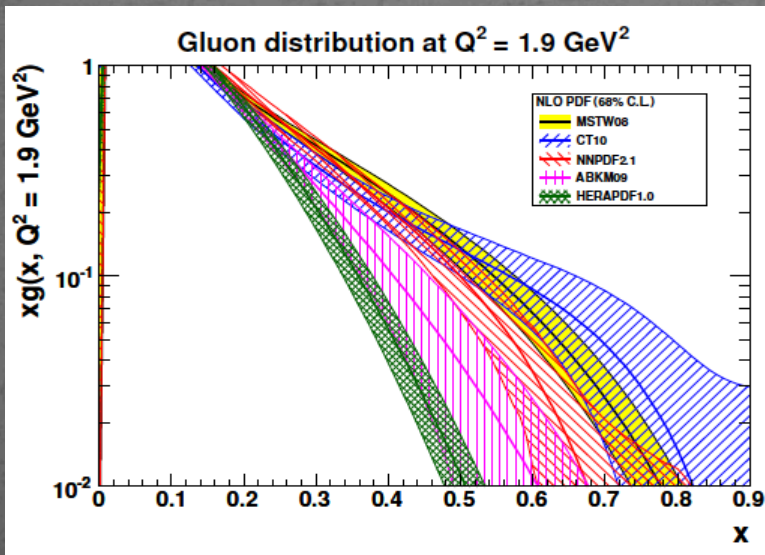
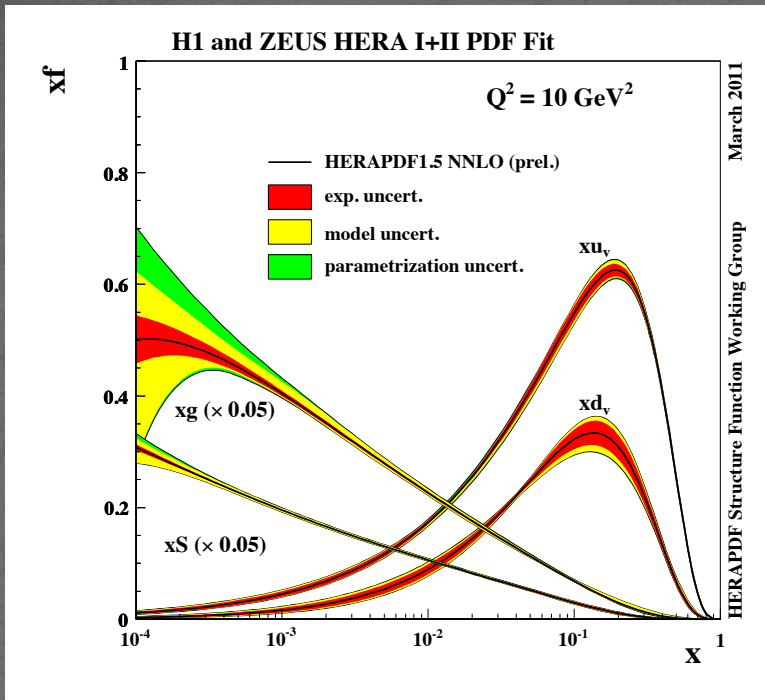
**Beauty:** HERA 10-20%,  $bb \rightarrow A?$

**Top:** tPDF at high  $Q^2 > M_t^2$  - unknown

**Gluon:** low  $x$ , saturation?, high  $x$  - unknown  
 medium  $x$ : preciser for Higgs!

Recent review: cf E.Perez, E.Rizvi 1208.1178, in RPP

..unintegrated, diffractive, generalised,  
 polarised, photonic, nuclear PDFs ???

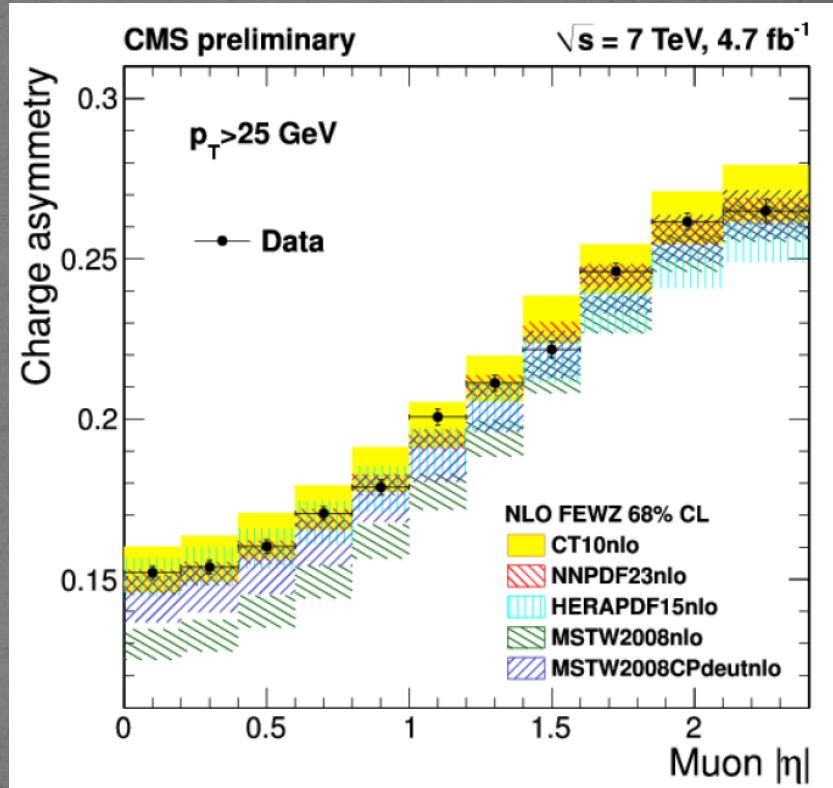
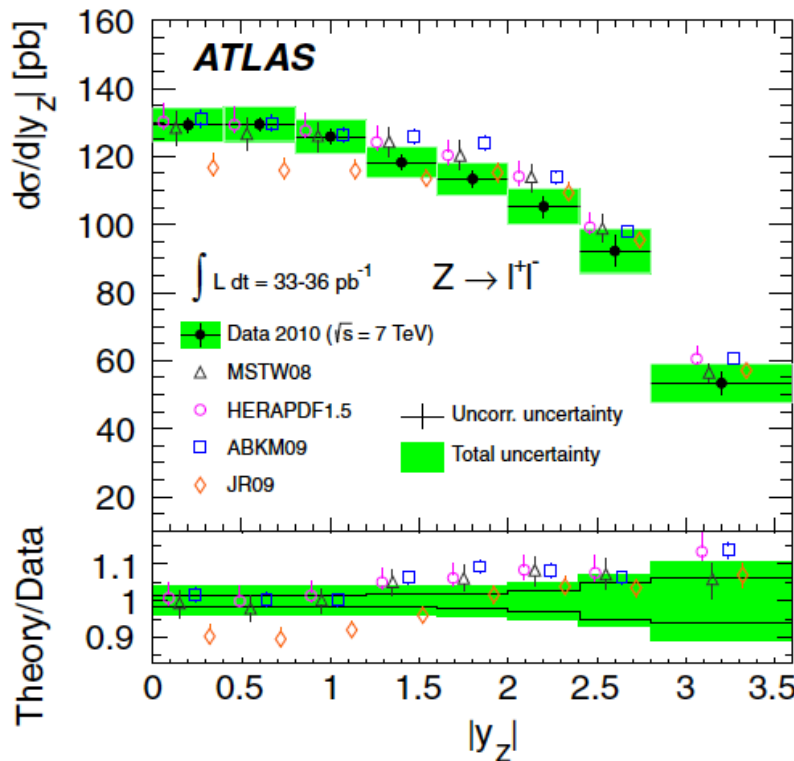




# Z, W

Low and high mass Drell-Yan, W, Z, + jets, di-bosons, TGC's ... W, Z in heavy ions...

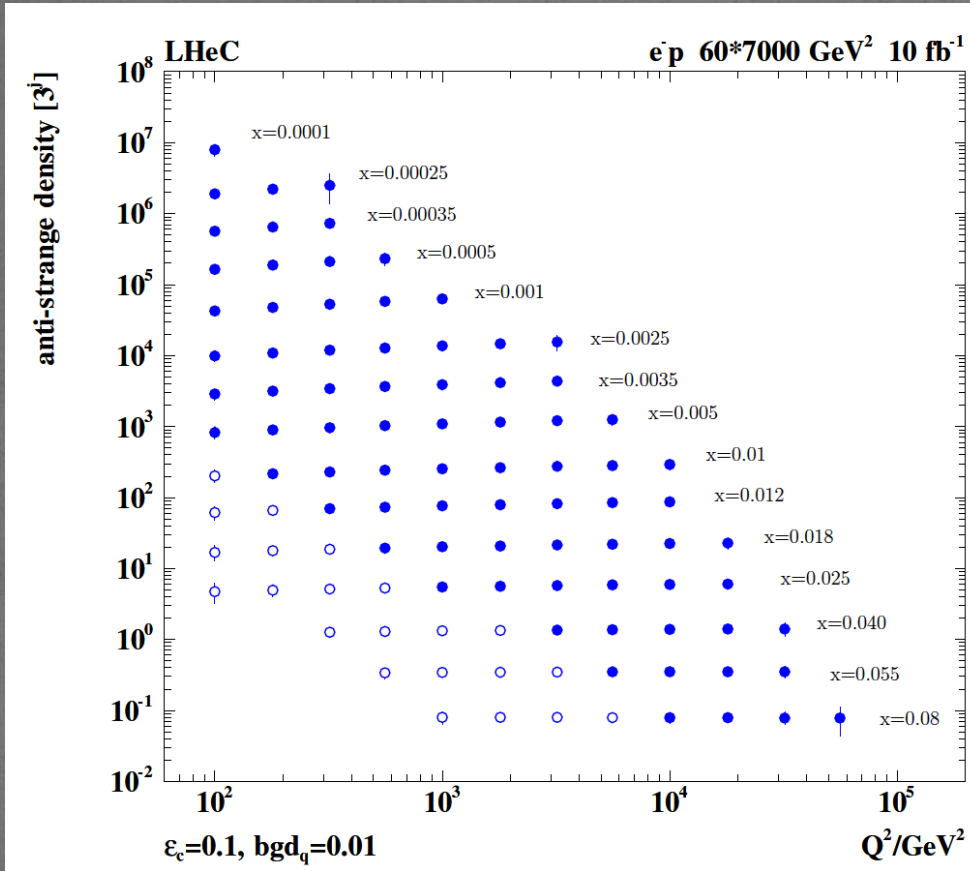
## Inclusive Z and W production and leptonic decay



Constraining PDFs at high  $Q^2 \sim M_{W,Z}^2$  - in large rapidity range (very fwd LHCb)  
 Measurements reach 1% precision level in differential distributions +  $\delta(\text{Lumi})$ .  
 QCD analysis to NNLO + electroweak corrections to per mille level  $\rightarrow s/d=1$

# Strange Quark Distribution

JPhysG 39(2012)7

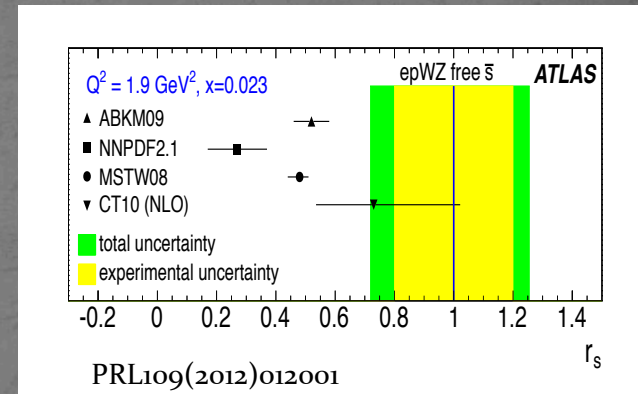


Leads to first  $(x, Q^2)$  measurement of the (anti-)strange density, HQ valence?

$$x = 10^{-4} \dots 0.05$$

$$Q^2 = 100 - 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

ATLAS+HERA: Recent surprise:  $s/d = 1$



cf also HERMES:  $N_K$  PLB666(2008)446  
 W+c measurements from ATLAS+CMS

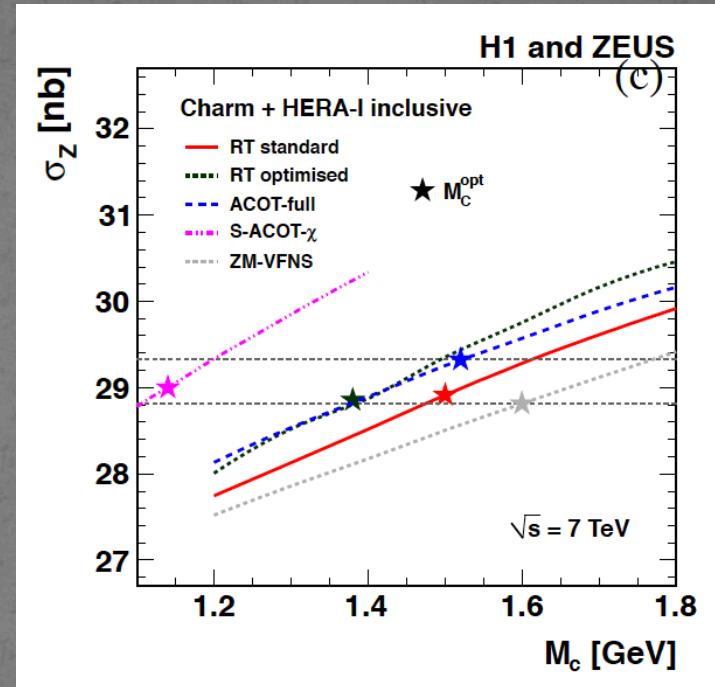
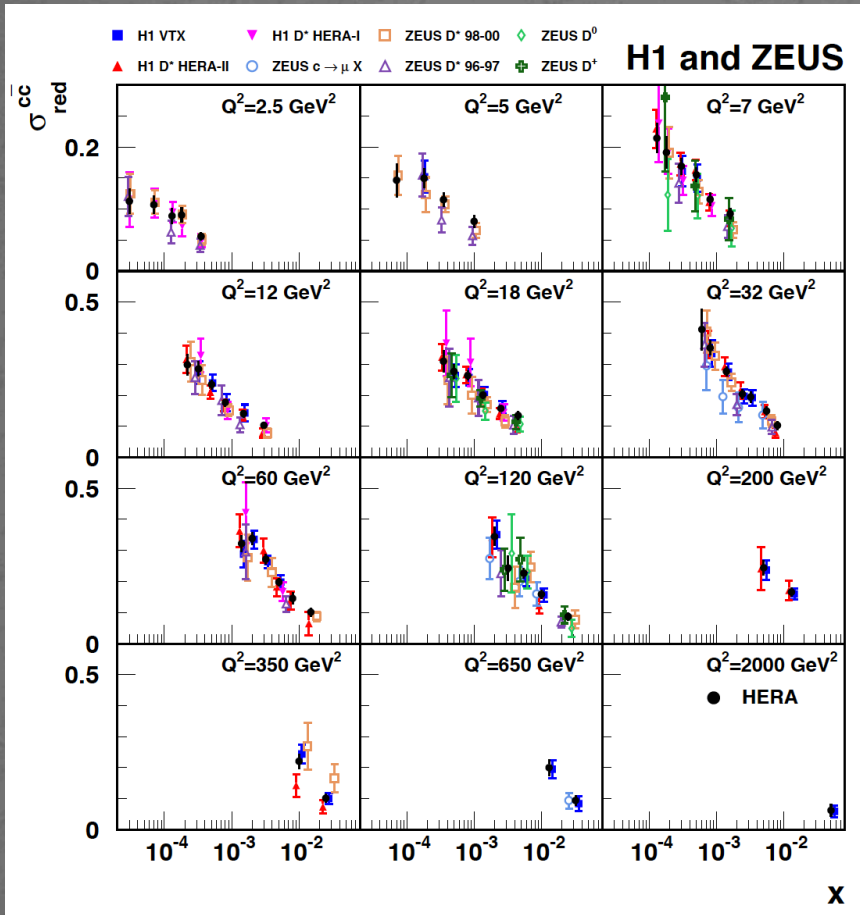
Important PDF constraints from LHC though no direct determinations ( $Q^2, x$ )

PDF4LHC  $\rightarrow$  PDFs from LHC



# Charm Structure Function - $F_2^c$

Culmination of 20 years of analysis...



$$m_c(m_c) = 1.26 \pm 0.05_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.03_{\text{mod}} \pm 0.02_{\text{param}} \pm 0.02_{\alpha_s} \text{ GeV}$$

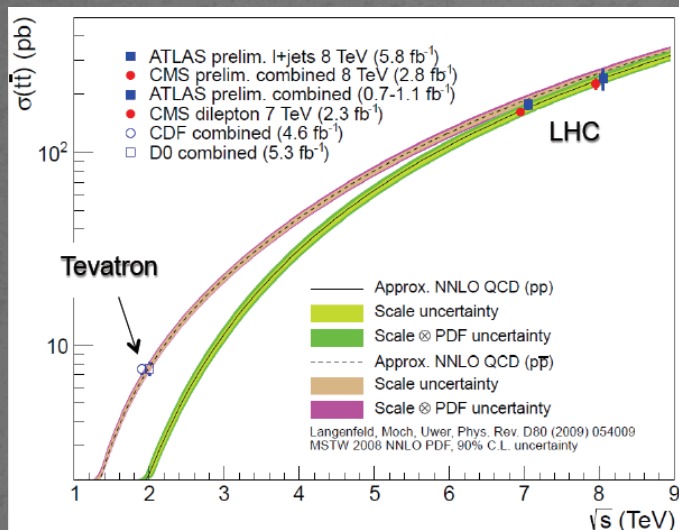
Uses FFNS ABM prescription.  
 $\delta(m_c) = 3 \text{ MeV}$  at LHeC (cf CDR)

Understanding of heavy flavour dynamics in the proton is crucial for QCD [VFNS?, light-heavy?, intrinsic c?..], VHE  $\nu$ , interpretation of LHC data

# Top at the LHC

Pair production, Decay, Single Top, Top Loop  $\rightarrow$  H, Mass and the SM Universe..

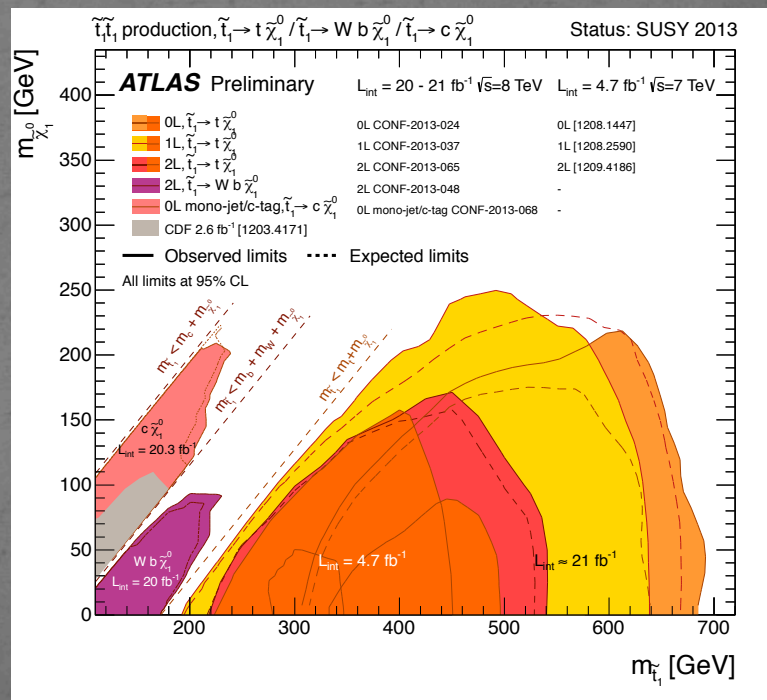
J. Varela, "Top Quark Properties" 1y13



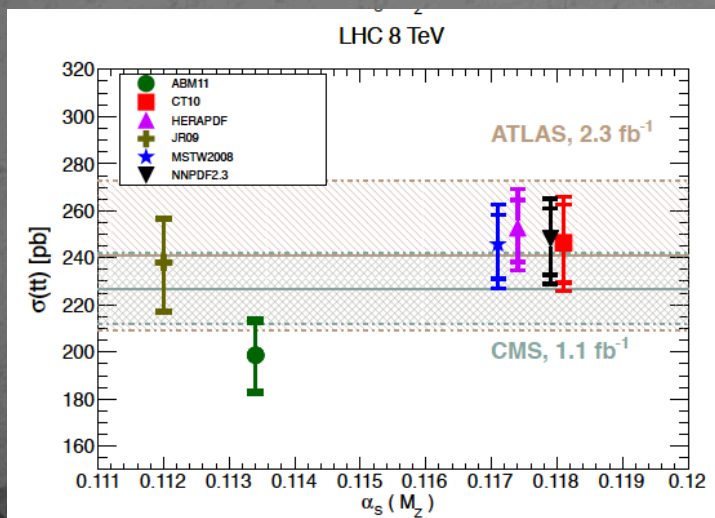
Cf. M.Czakon et al: arXiv:1303.6254 & .7215

$M_{\text{top}}$  to 0.5% precision from Tevatron and now also the LHC experiments

Top lead the way to Higgs and it may to further new physics..



Is there a "light" stop partner of the top?





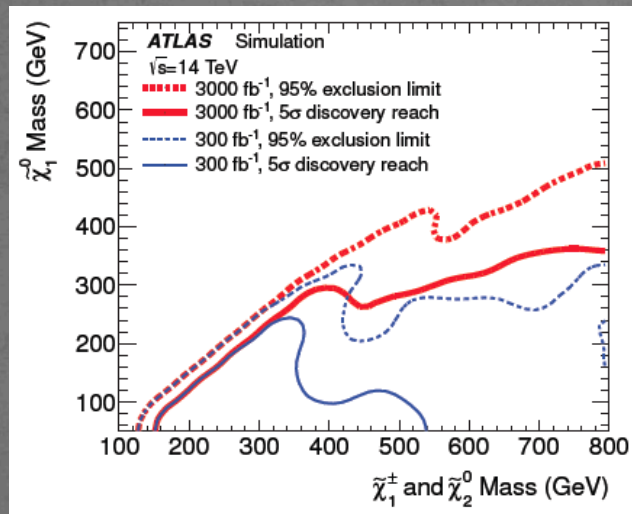
# LHC physics @ $3ab^{-1}$

Higgs precision and rarer channels

New particles: pairs to  $\sim 4$  TeV  
 singly to  $\sim 8$  TeV  
 leptoquarks to  $\sim 2$  TeV

Rare processes as FCNC top decays...

cf P. Wells, IY13, SLAC July13



**ECFA High Luminosity LHC Experiments Workshop**  
*Physics and technology challenges*  
**1<sup>st</sup> – 3<sup>rd</sup> October**  
**Aix-les-Bains**  
**France**

<https://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confid=252045>

**Programme Committee**

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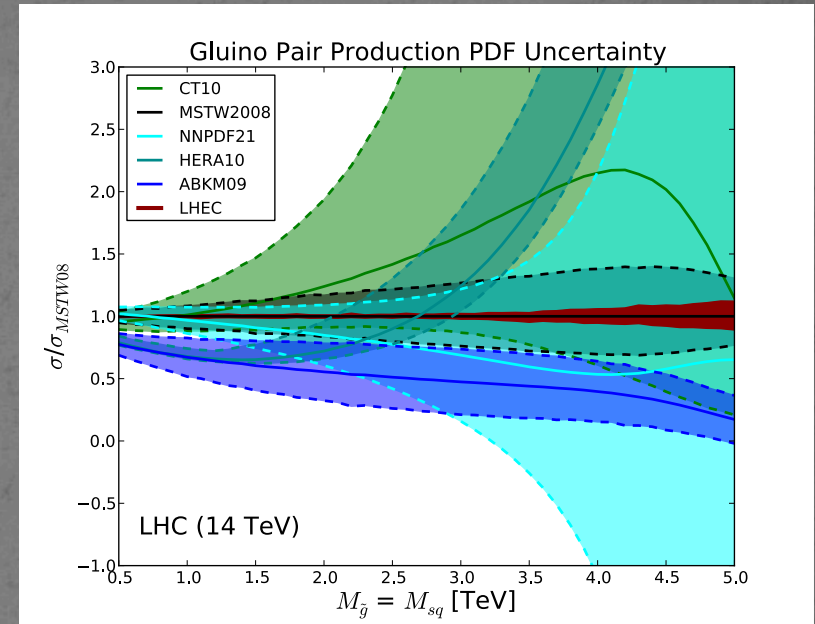
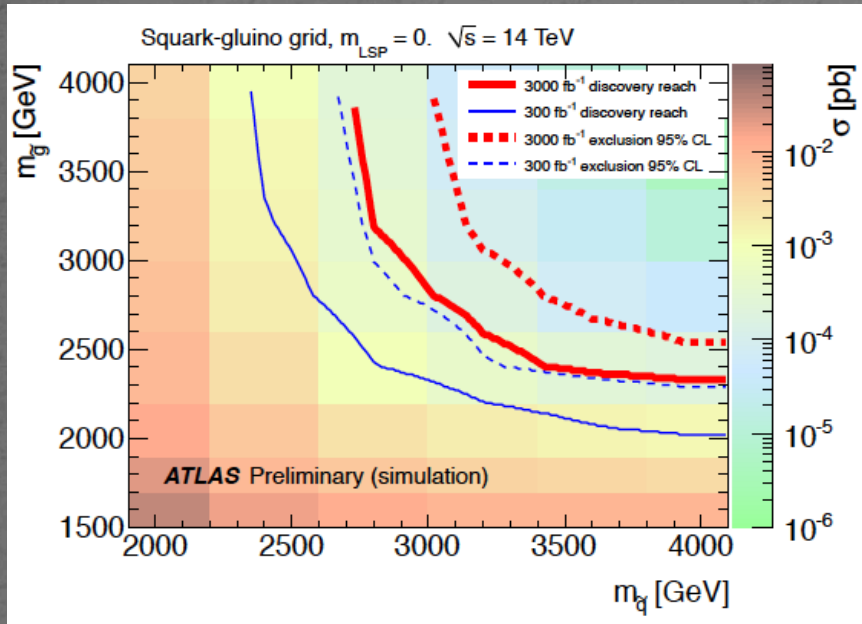
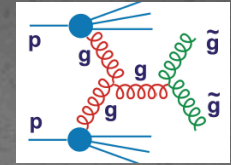
**Local Organising Committee**  
 P. Allport, D. Contardo, D. Hudson, C. Potter

Logos for Aix-les-Bains centre des congrès, ECFA, High Luminosity LHC, ALICE, CMS, LHCb, and CERN.

Picture Credit: OT Aix-les-Bains / Gilles Lansard

Increase of L especially important for the investigation of new signals ..

# HL-LHC - Searches



ATLAS October 2012 to EU strategy forum

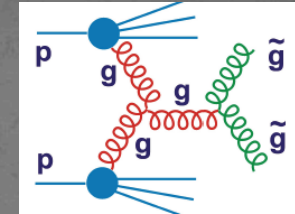
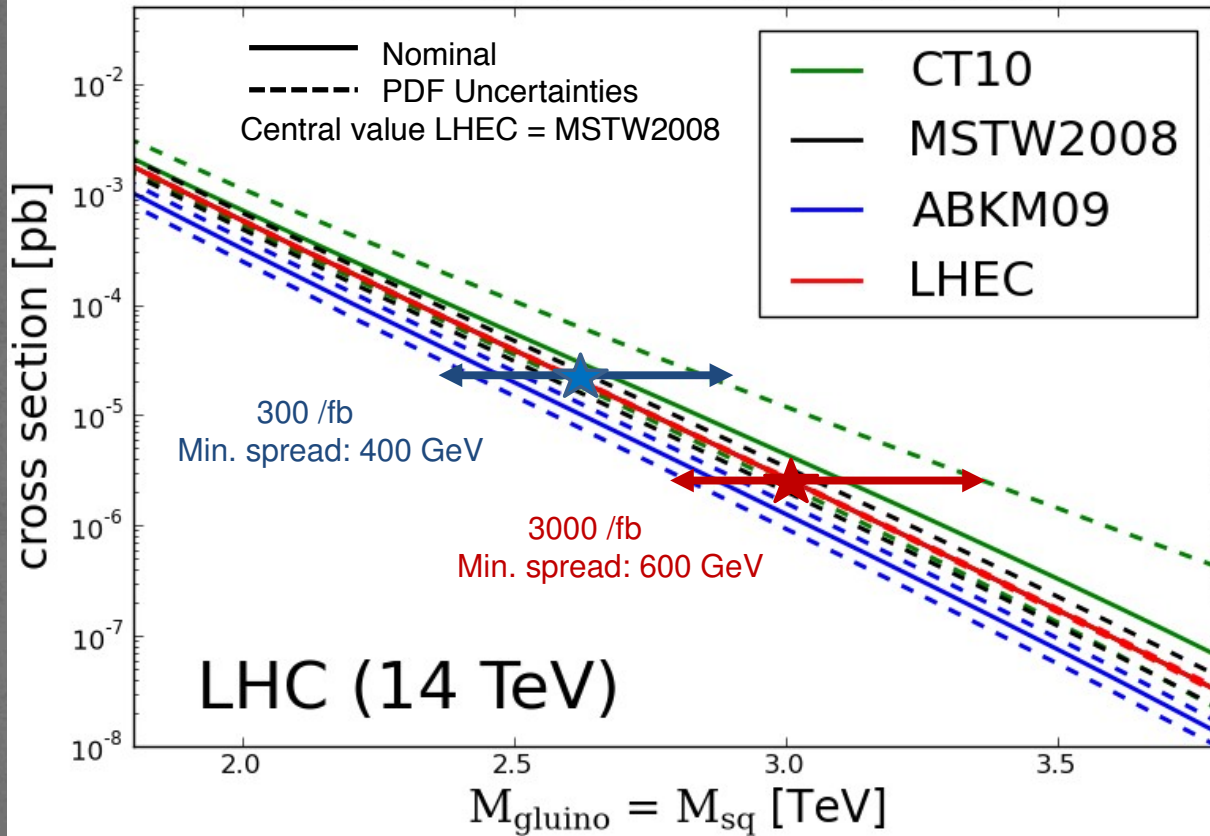
LHeC October 2012 to EU forum arXiv:1211.5102

With high energy and luminosity, the search range will be extended to high masses, up to 4-5 TeV in pair production, and PDF uncertainties come in  $\sim 1/(1-x)$ , CI effects?



# HL-LHC - Searches

## Gluino Pair Production



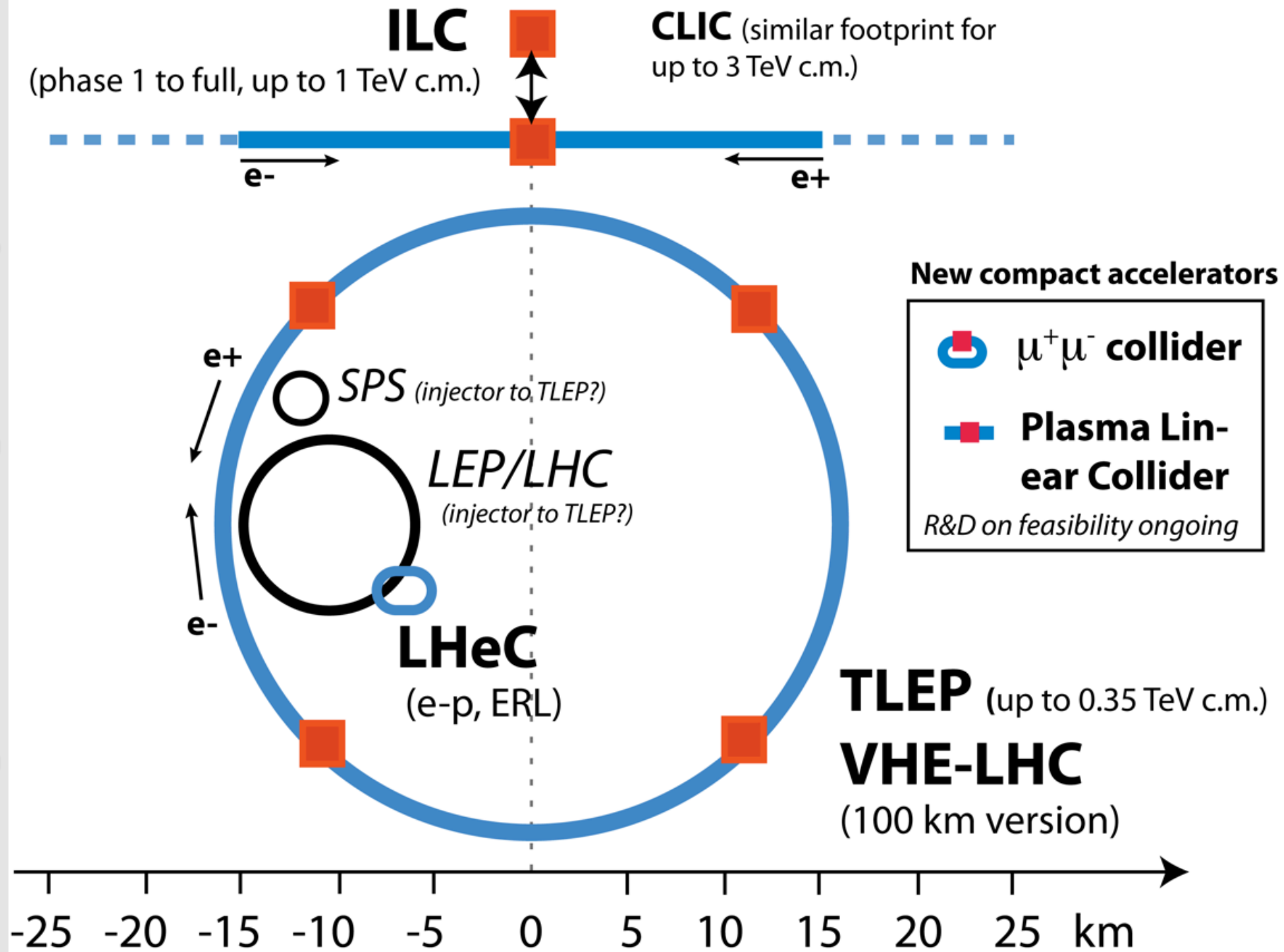
High precision PDFs are needed for the HL-LHC Searches in order to probe into the range opened by the luminosity increase and to interpret possibly intriguing effects based on external information.

LHeC BSM poster at EPS<sub>13</sub> M.D'Onofrio et al. see also arXiv:1211:5102 Relation LHeC-LHC Simulated PDFs from LHeC are on LHAPDF (Partons from LHeC, MK, V.Radescu LHeC-Note-2013-002 PHY)

# Future Higgs



# Lepton collider options beyond LHC



# Higgs with HL-LHC

## LHC 300 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 14 TeV:

- Mass: <100 MeV (statistical)
- Coupling  $\kappa$  rel. precision\*
  - Z, W, b,  $\tau$  10-15%
  - t,  $\mu$  3-2  $\sigma$  observation
  - $\gamma\gamma$  and gg 5-11%

## HL-LHC 3000 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 14 TeV:

- Mass:  $\ll$  50 MeV (statistical)
- Couplings  $\kappa$  rel. precision\*
  - Z, W, b,  $\tau$ , t,  $\mu$  2-10%
  - $\gamma\gamma$  and gg 2-5%

\*Assuming *sizeable (1/2) reduction of theory errors*

- “QCD scale” go to Higher order QCD computation ?
- gg “PDF” from LHC data ?

### Mass Measurement:

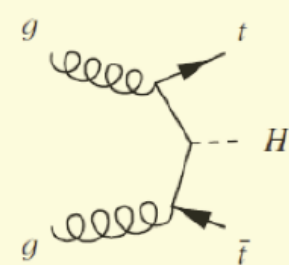
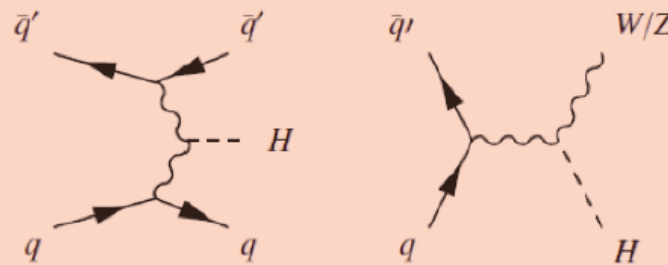
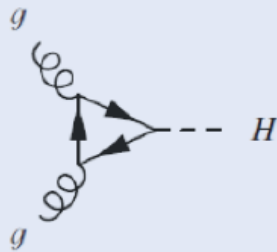
Several exp./theory challenges to reach 50 MeV (e/ $\gamma$ / $\mu$  calibration E-scale, Interference, FSR, ..)

F.Cerutti, “Properties of the New Boson” EPS<sub>13</sub> Stockholm

Higgs physics at the LHC is a long term challenge [di-H, CP, M, VV damping..]



# Theory



TODAY ~  
TOMORROW ~

**N<sup>2</sup>LO+N<sup>2</sup>LL QCD**  
**NLO EW**

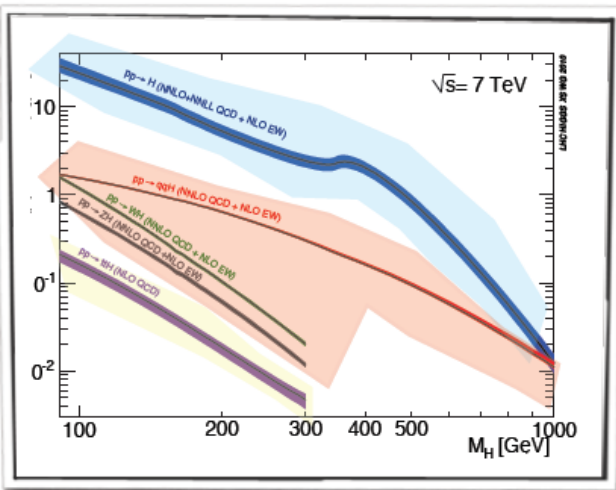
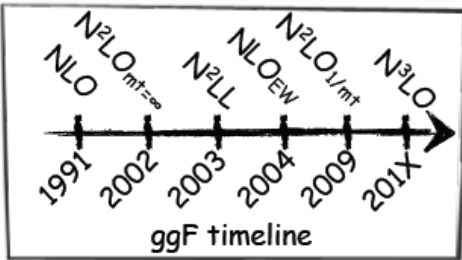
**N<sup>2</sup>LO QCD**  
**NLO EW**

**NLO QCD**

inclusive Higgs p<sub>T</sub>  
**N<sup>3</sup>LO QCD** NLO QCD  
(m<sub>t</sub>=∞) w/ finite m<sub>t</sub>, m<sub>b</sub>  
(3 scale pb!)

see also  
De Florian's talk

NLO results in MC  
POWHEG, aMC@NLO



+ N<sup>2</sup>LO PDF sets

cf C. Grojean at EPS Stockholm

Will need ultraprecise PDFs to match theory and make the LHC a precision Higgs factory

# pp → H Cross Section

LHeC:

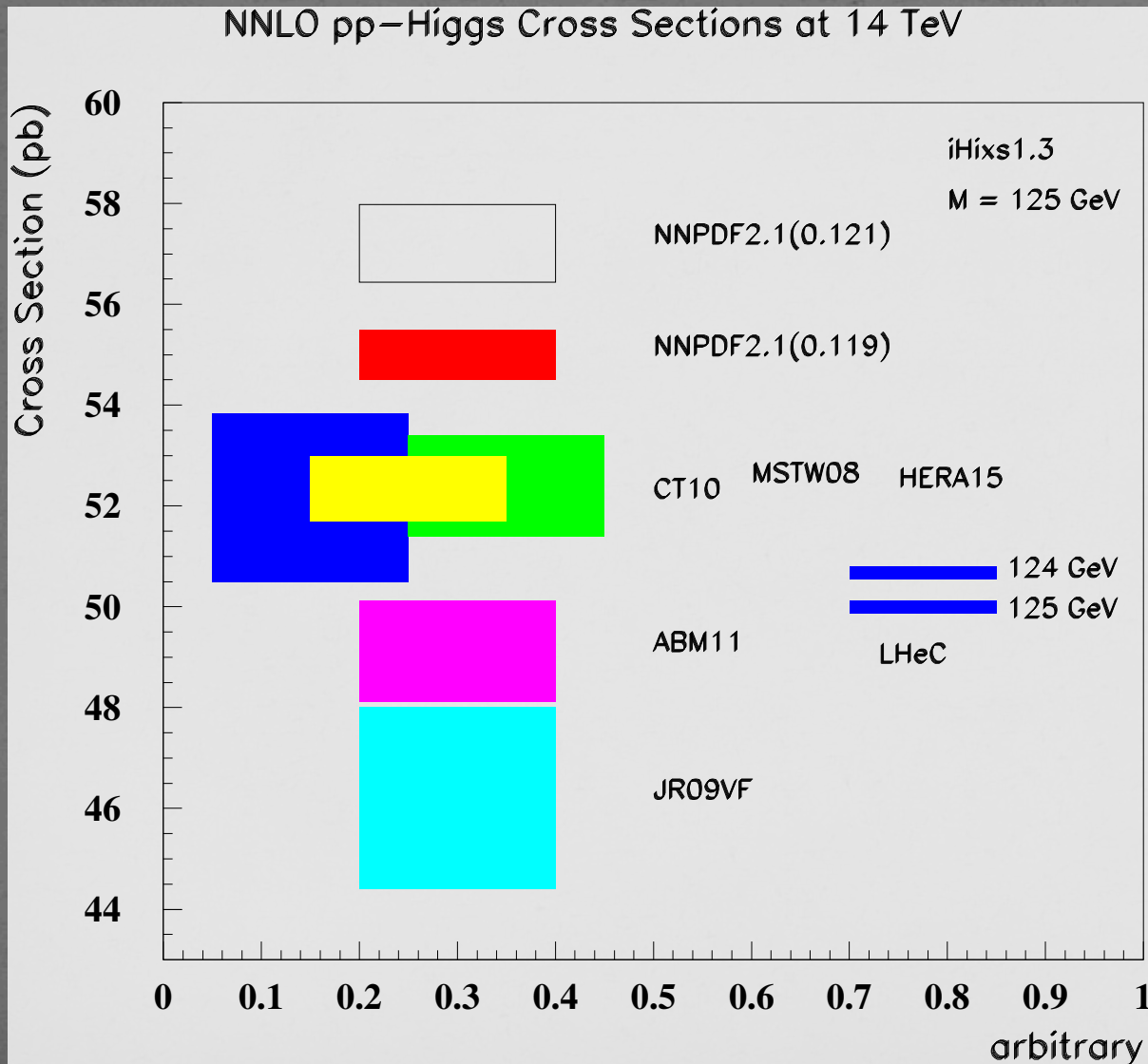
Exp uncertainty of predicted H cross section is 0.25% (sys+sta), using LHeC only.

Leads to H mass sensitivity.

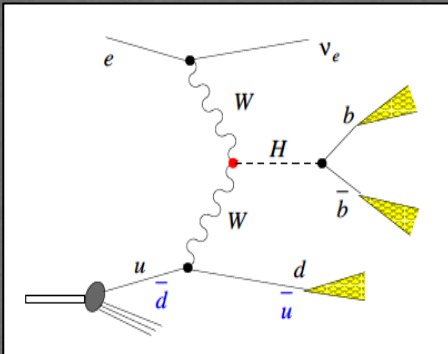
Strong coupling underlying parameter (0.005 – 10%).  
LHeC: 0.0002

Needs N<sup>3</sup>LO

HQ treatment important ...



# Higgs with the LHeC



Polarised electrons  
 Maximum lumi  
 Forward tracking  
 High resolution  
 No pile-up  
 Direction asymmetry

...

LHeC Higgs	CC ( $e^-p$ )	NC ( $e^-p$ )	CC ( $e^+p$ )	
Polarisation	-0.8	-0.8	0	
Luminosity [ $ab^{-1}$ ]	1	1	0.1	
Cross Section [fb]	196	25	58	
Decay	BrFraction	$N_{CC}^H e^-p$	$N_{NC}^H e^-p$	$N_{CC}^H e^+p$
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	0.577	113 100	13 900	3 350
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	0.029	5 700	700	170
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	0.063	12 350	1 600	370
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	0.00022	50	5	–
$H \rightarrow 4l$	0.00013	30	3	–
$H \rightarrow 2l2\nu$	0.0106	2 080	250	60
$H \rightarrow gg$	0.086	16 850	2 050	500
$H \rightarrow WW$	0.215	42 100	5 150	1 250
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	0.0264	5 200	600	150
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	0.00228	450	60	15
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	0.00154	300	40	10

**H-bbar coupling to 0.7% precision with  $1ab^{-1}$ , at an S/B of 1** – studies of  $\tau$ , c, .. to come

The LHeC  $WW \rightarrow H$  cross section is as large as the ILC  $Z^* \rightarrow ZH$  cross section (300fb)...

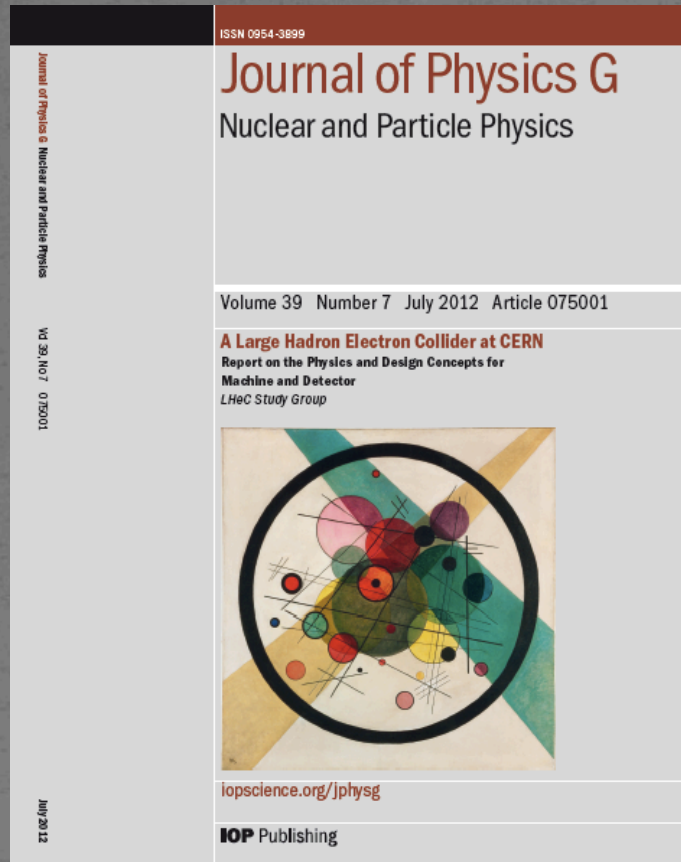
→ 50pb@LHC, hiLumi + ep [H + PDFs] +QCD@h.o. : LHC - a high precision H factory



# LHeC Development

A next workshop: 20/21. January 2014 near CERN - <http://cern.ch/lhec>

# Design Report 2012



arXiv:1206.2913

<http://cern.ch/lhec>

## CERN Referees

### Ring Ring Design

Kurt Huebner (CERN)

Alexander N. Skrinsky (INP Novosibirsk)

Ferdinand Willeke (BNL)

### Linac Ring Design

Reinhard Brinkmann (DESY)

Andy Wolski (Cockcroft)

Kaoru Yokoya (KEK)

### Energy Recovery

Georg Hoffstaetter (Cornell)

Ilan Ben Zvi (BNL)

### Magnets

Neil Marks (Cockcroft)

Martin Wilson (CERN)

### Interaction Region

Daniel Pitzl (DESY)

Mike Sullivan (SLAC)

### Detector Design

Philippe Bloch (CERN)

Roland Horisberger (PSI)

### Installation and Infrastructure

Sylvain Weisz (CERN)

### New Physics at Large Scales

Cristinel Diaconu (IN2P3 Marseille)

Gian Giudice (CERN)

Michelangelo Mangano (CERN)

### Precision QCD and Electroweak

Guido Altarelli (Roma)

Vladimir Chekelian (MPI Munich)

Alan Martin (Durham)

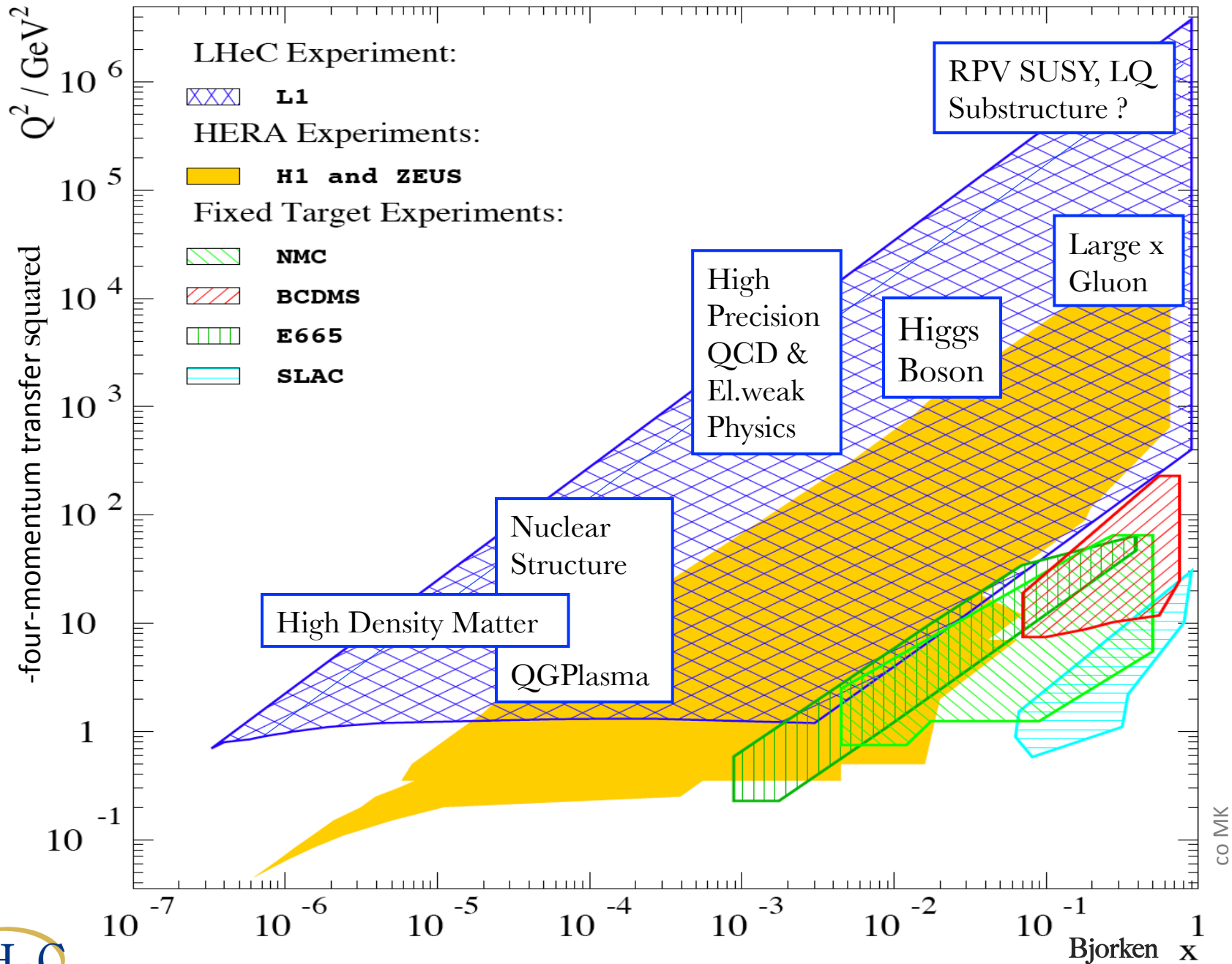
### Physics at High Parton Densities

Alfred Mueller (Columbia)

Raju Venugopalan (BNL)

Michele Arneodo (INFN Torino)

The theory of DIS has developed much further: J.Blümlein Prog.Part.Nucl.Phys. 69(2013)28  
DIS is an important part of particle physics: G.Altarelli, 1303.2842, S.Forte, G.Watt 1301:6754

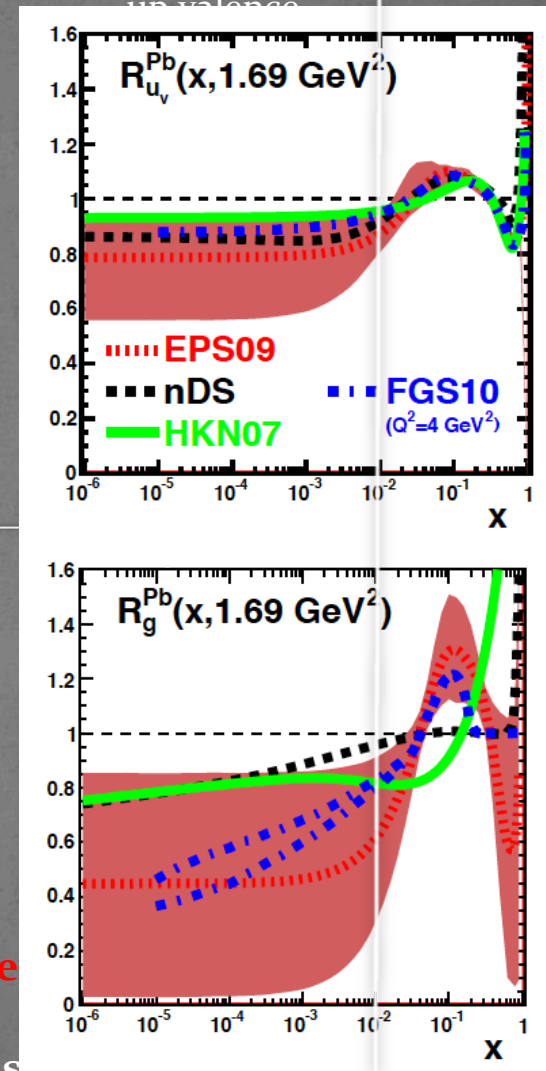
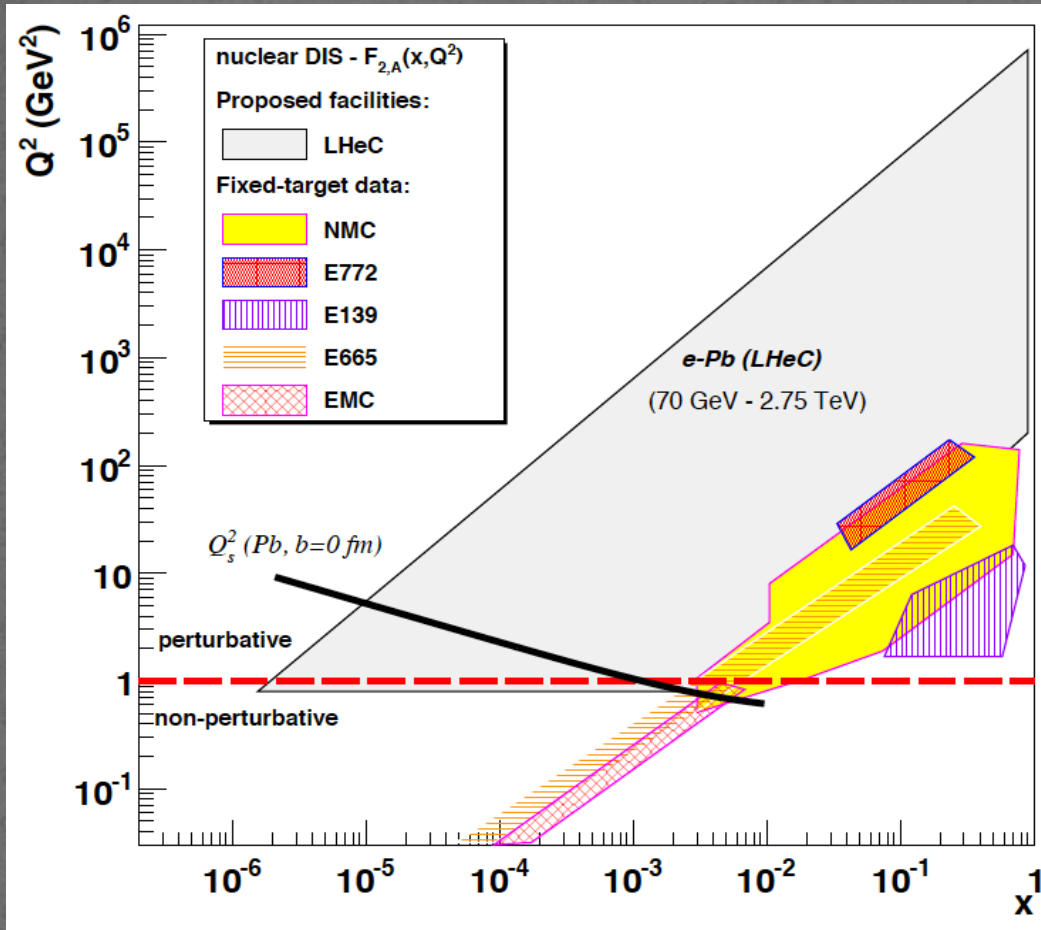


CO MK





# Nuclear Parton Distributions from eA



3-4 orders of magnitude extension of IA kinematic range

→ LHeC has huge discovery potential for new HI physics  
(bb limit, saturation.. will put nPDFs on completely new ground

unmeasured | known?

# LHeC at $10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ Luminosity

parameter [unit]	LHeC	
species	$e^-$	$p, {}^{208}\text{Pb}^{82+}$
beam energy (/nucleon) [GeV]	60	7000, 2760
bunch spacing [ns]	25, 100	25, 100
bunch intensity (nucleon) [ $10^{10}$ ]	0.1 (0.2), 0.4	17 (22), 2.5
beam current [mA]	6.4 (12.8)	860 (1110), 6
rms bunch length [mm]	0.6	75.5
polarization [%]	90	none, none
normalized rms emittance [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	50	3.75 (2.0), 1.5
geometric rms emittance [nm]	0.43	0.50 (0.31)
IP beta function $\beta_{x,y}^*$ [m]	0.12 (0.032)	0.1 (0.05)
IP spot size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	7.2 (3.7)	7.2 (3.7)
synchrotron tune $Q_s$	—	$1.9 \times 10^{-3}$
hadron beam-beam parameter	0.0001 (0.0002)	
lepton disruption parameter $D$	6 (30)	
crossing angle	0 (detector-integrated dipole)	
hourglass reduction factor $H_{hg}$	0.91 (0.67)	
pinch enhancement factor $H_D$	1.35	
CM energy [TeV]	1300, 810	
luminosity / nucleon [ $10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	1 (10), 0.2	

Table 1: LHeC  $ep$  and  $eA$  collider parameters. The numbers give the default CDR values, with optimum values for maximum  $ep$  luminosity in parentheses and values for the  $ePb$  configuration separated by a comma.

$$L = \frac{N_e N_p f \gamma_p}{4\pi \epsilon_p \beta^*}$$

$\sigma(\text{H})=200\text{fb}$   
Access of rare channels and differential measurements:

How to reach  $10^{34}$  ?

$N/\epsilon = \text{brightness}^* 2.5$

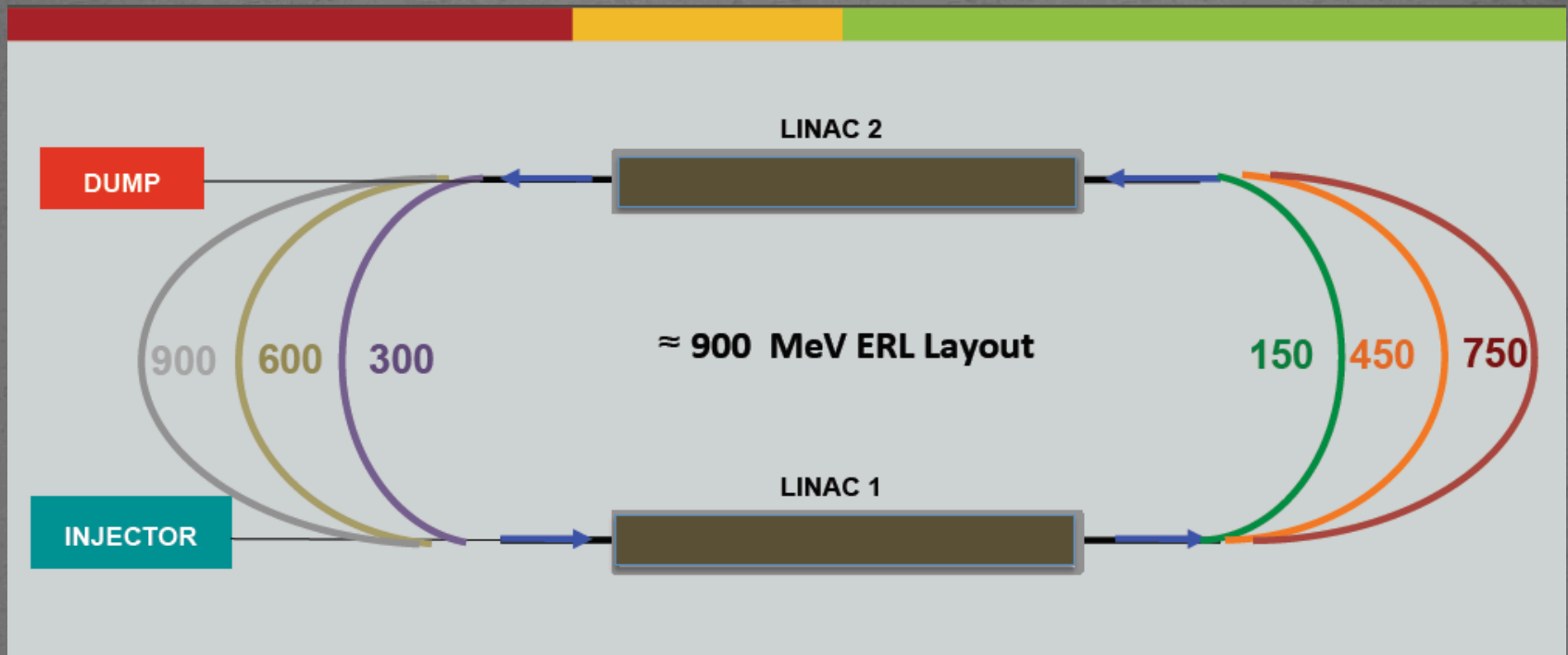
$\beta^* = 5 \text{ cm}$

$I_e = 12 \text{ mA}$

HERA: 1-4  $10^{31} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

# ERL Testfacility

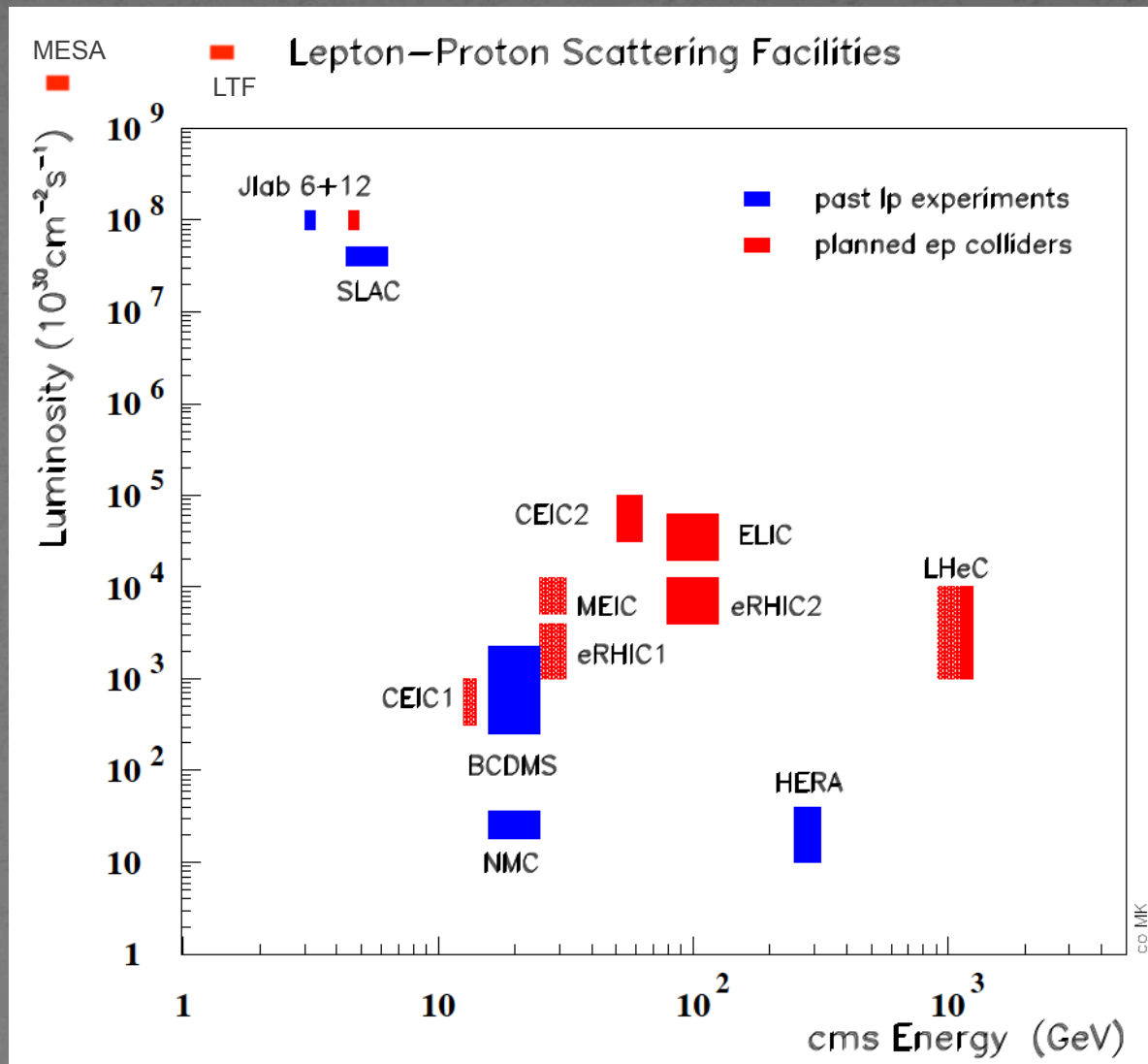
Under design at CERN in international collaboration.  $f=801.58$  MHz SC RF



A.Valloni, LHeCmeeting, 16.7.2013, see also LHeC-Note 2012-001 ACC, and Contribution to IPAC2013

Test of ERL, Operation experience, Sources, Magnet Tests, Injector for the LHeC  
Physics:  $ep$  with  $10^{40} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ :  $\sin^2\Theta$  [high E MESA], proton radius; Testbeam facility





Energy frontier deep inelastic scattering - following HERA with the LHC  
 LHeC: A new laboratory for particle physics, a 5<sup>th</sup> large LHC experiment

# Remarks and Outlook

AdS/CFT

Instantons

Odderons

Non pQCD

QGP

$N^k$ LO

Resummation

Non-conventional PDFs ...

Breaking of Factorisation

Free Quarks

Unconfined Color

New kind of coloured matter

Quark substructure

New symmetry embedding QCD

QCD may break .. (Quigg DIS<sub>13</sub>)

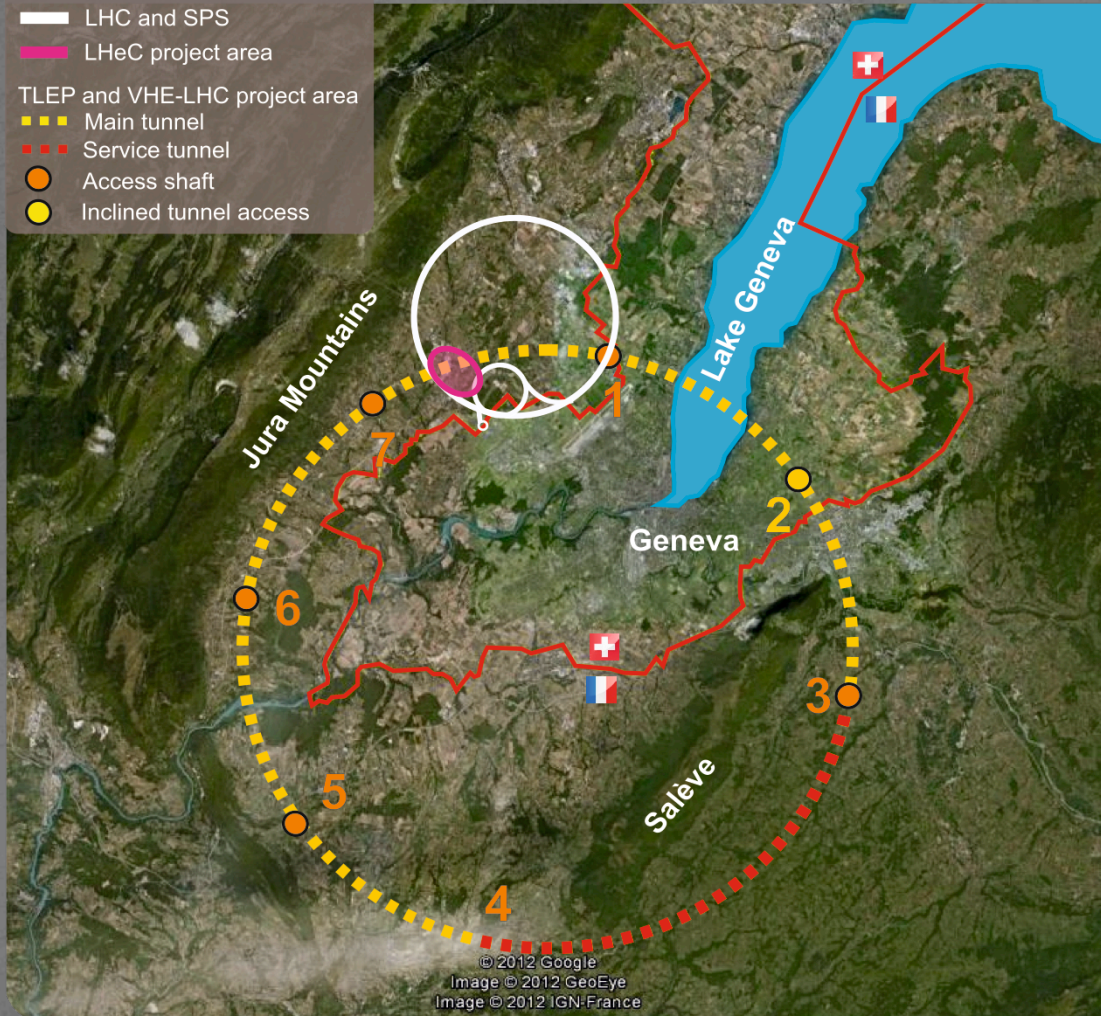
QCD is the richest part of the Standard Model Gauge Field Theory and will (have to) be developed much further, on its own and as background



# Future Rings at CERN<sup>\*)</sup>

## LEGEND

- LHC and SPS
- LHeC project area
- TLEP and VHE-LHC project area
- Main tunnel
- Service tunnel
- Access shaft
- Inclined tunnel access



100km with 20T provides 50 TeV per beam.

80km may not be clever due to Saleve, if placed below Lac Lemman → 100km.

New tunnel may host a Triple LEP Higgs facility.

LHeC to run with LHC and later with VHE-LHC

<sup>\*)</sup> “Civil Engineering Feasibility Studies for Future Ring Colliders at CERN”, Contributed by O.Brüning, M.Klein, S.Myers, J.Osborne, L.Rossi, C.Waijier, F.Zimmerman to IPAC13 Shanghai



# Cost

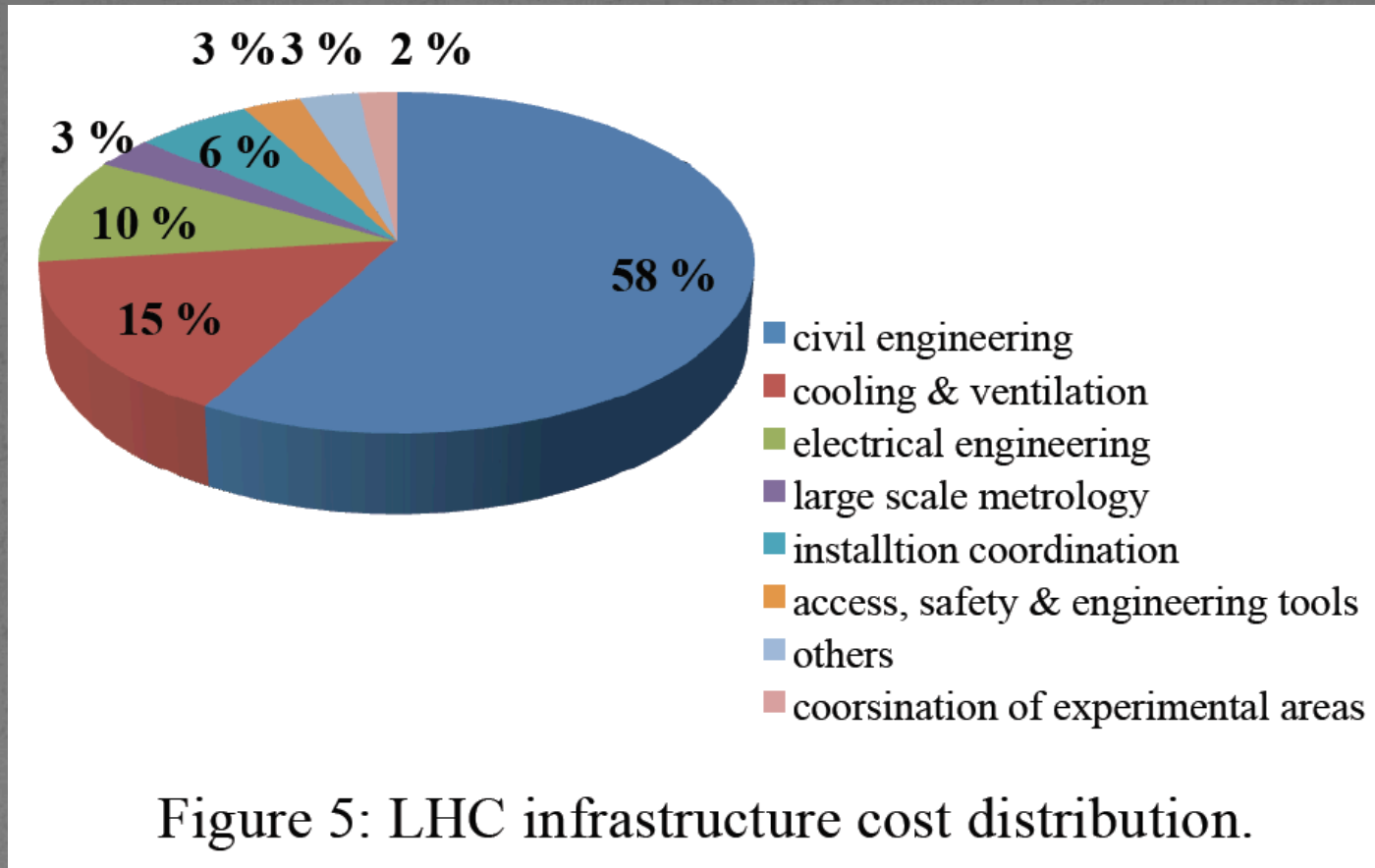


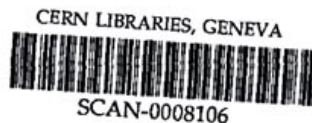
Figure 5: LHC infrastructure cost distribution.

J.Osborne et al. IPAC13, Shanghai  
62% CE, 26% surface, 12% consulting

A 100km machine is very challenging, it will not be cheap and demands firm, excellent science reason to become real

# Time

LEP/LIBRARY



LEP Note 440  
11.4.1983

ps

## PRELIMINARY PERFORMANCE ESTIMATES FOR A LEP PROTON COLLIDER

S. Myers and W. Schnell

### 1. Introduction

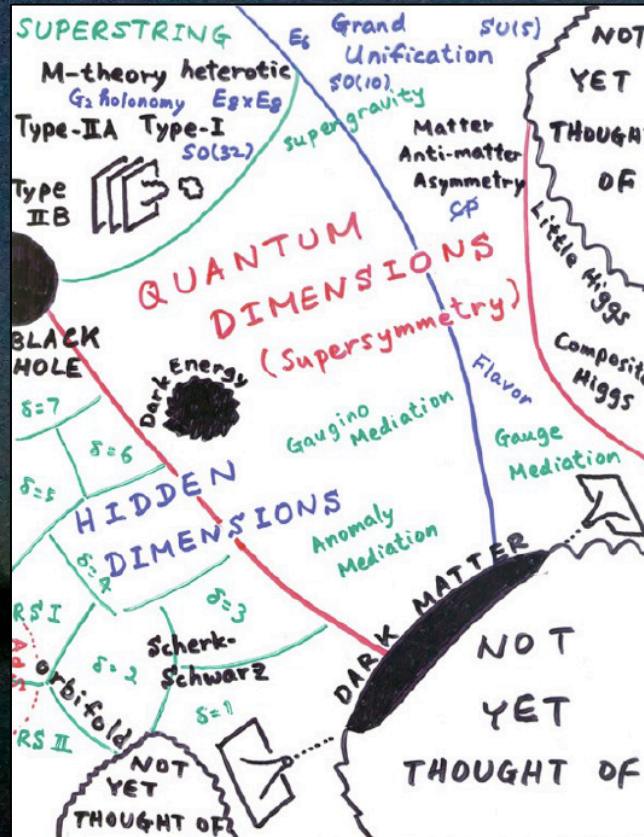
This analysis was stimulated by news from the United States where very large  $p\bar{p}$  and  $pp$  colliders are actively being studied at the moment. Indeed, a first look at the basic performance limitations of possible  $p\bar{p}$  or  $pp$  rings in the LEP tunnel seems overdue, however far off in the future a possible start of such a p-LEP project may yet be in time. What we shall discuss is, in fact, rather obvious, but such a discussion has, to the best of our knowledge, not been presented so far.

We shall not address any detailed design questions but shall give basic equations and make a few plausible assumptions for the purpose of illustration. Thus, we shall assume throughout that the maximum energy per beam is 8 TeV (corresponding to a little over 9 T bending field in very advanced superconducting magnets) and that injection is at 0.4 TeV. The ring circumference is, of course that of LEP, namely 26,659 m. It should be clear from this requirement of "Ten Tesla Magnets" alone that such a

30 years from the first p-LEP = LHC paper to LS1



The challenge, again, is to find the way forward, through the dark matter of the universe and towards a genuine unification of the known and hidden forces:



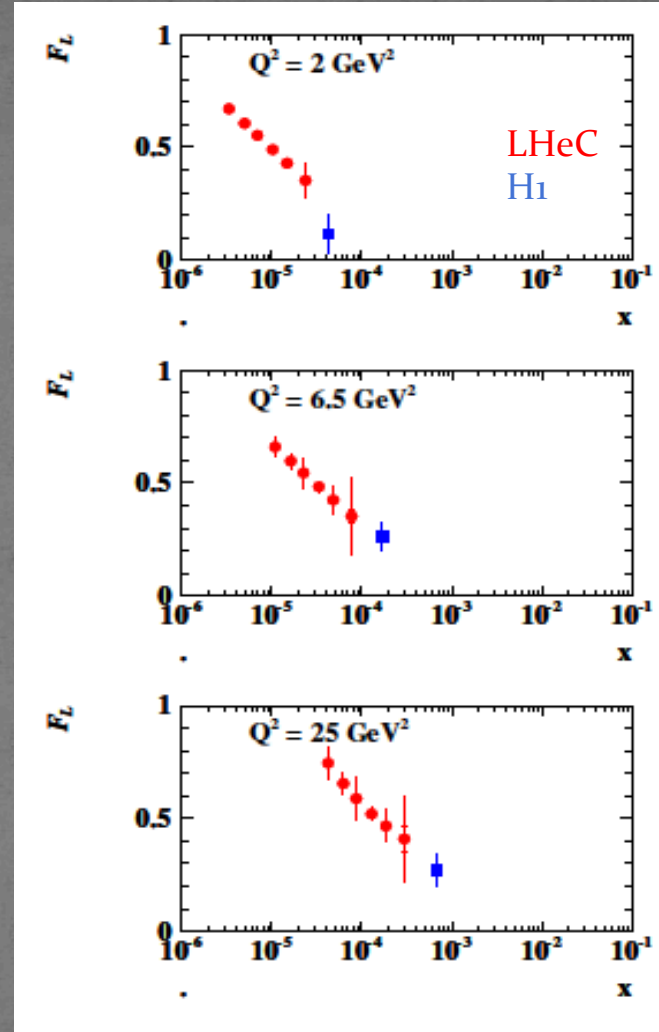
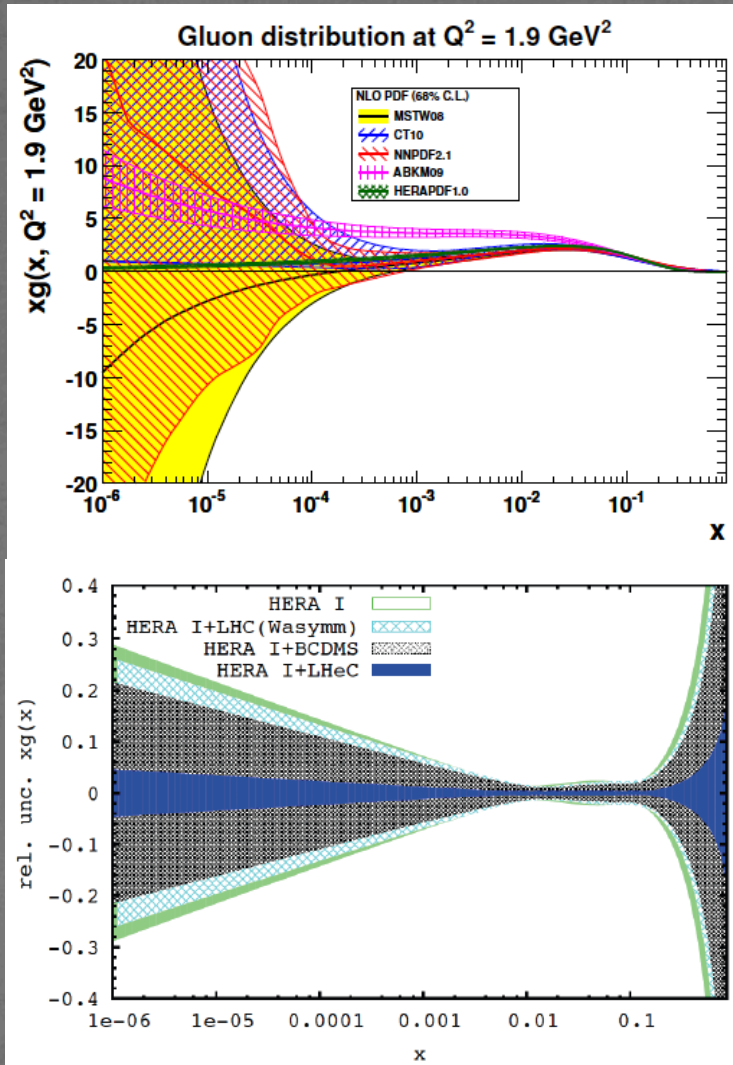
H.Murayama – ICFA11

Theory needs help and much hope is directed to the near and far future of the LHC Particle physics is one coherent subject and it better is pursued as an entity further.

Sincere thanks to many colleagues on H1, ATLAS, LHeC, LHC, Theory, ..



# Gluon Saturation at Low $x$ ?



Gluon measurement down to  $x=10^{-5}$ , Saturation or no saturation ( $F_2$  and precise  $F_L$ )  
 Non-linear evolution equations? Relations to string theory, and SUSY at  $\sim 10 \text{ TeV}$ ?

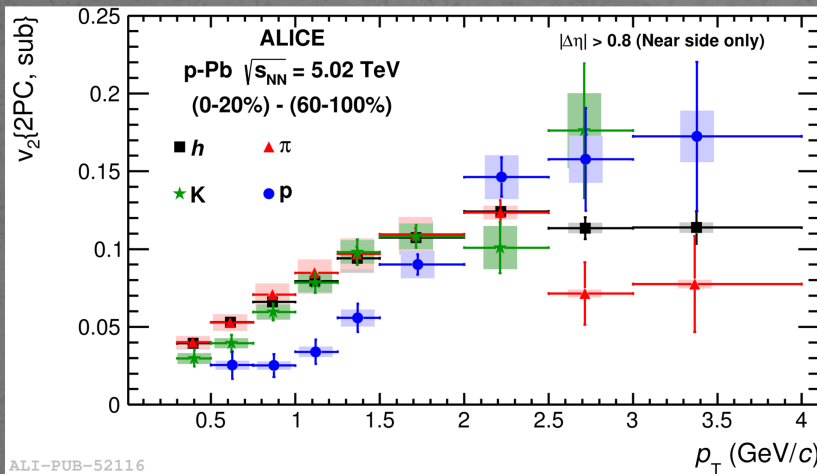
# Proton-Lead at the LHC

$$\frac{dN}{d\Phi_Z} \propto \sum_n [1 + v_n \cos(n(\Phi_Z - \Phi_{EP}))]$$

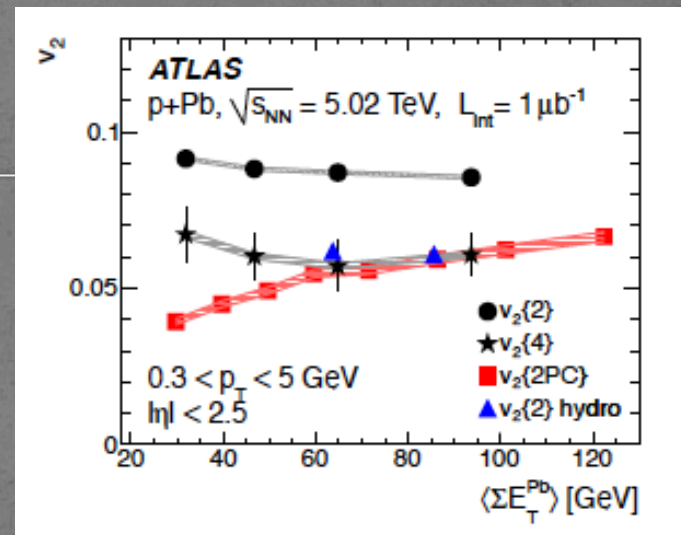
$\Phi_Z$  boson azimuthal emission angle  
 $\Phi_{EP}$  event plane azimuth

$v_2$  for Z is zero, it decays before the plasma is formed ..

1307.3237 – ALICE



1303.2084 – ATLAS



Perhaps surprising, recent results indicate that the flow in pPb resembles PbPb  
 Possibly the determination of nPDFs in AA and pA is reduced to W,Z production  
 [collective effects in final state – rescattering of produced partons – hydrodynamics]